



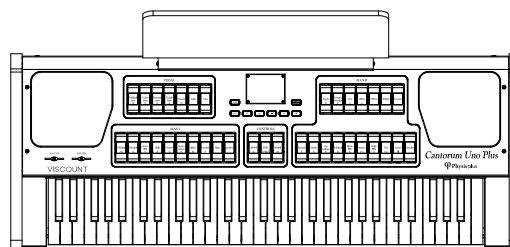
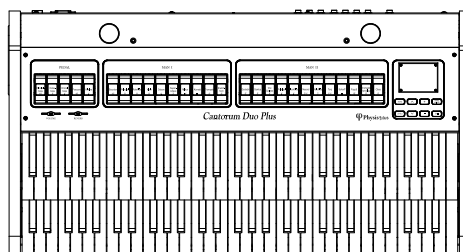
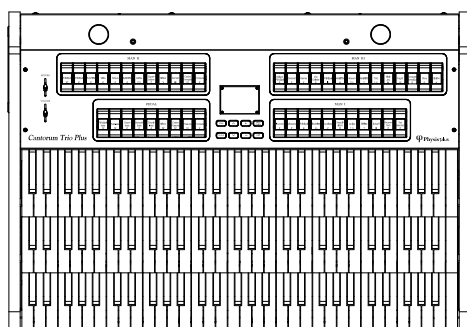
VISCOUNT

Cantorum Trio Plus

Cantorum Duo Plus

Cantorum Uno Plus

Φ **Physisplus**



Reference Manual - English

Edition: 1.5

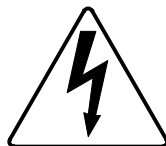
IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: READ THIS FIRST!

AVIS IMPORTANT!



This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.



Ce symbole sert pour avertir l'utilisateur qu'à l'intérieur de ce produit sont présents éléments non isolés soumis à "tensions dangereuses" suffisants à créer un risque d'électrocution.

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.



Ce symbole sert pour avertir l'utilisateur qu'à l'intérieur de la documentation de l'appareil sont présentes importantes instructions pour l'utilisation correcte et la manutention de l'appareil.

WARNING
TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK:
DO NOT EXPOSE THIS APPARATUS TO RAIN OR MOISTURE
AND OBJECTS FILLED WITH LIQUIDS, SUCH AS VASES,
SHOULD NOT BE PLACED ON THIS APPARATUS.
DO NOT REMOVE COVER (OR BACK)
NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE
REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL

ATTENTION
AFIN D'ÉVITER LES RISQUES DE FEU OU SCHOCK ÉLECTRIQUE:
N'EXPOSEZ PAS CET INSTRUMENT À PLUIE OU HUMIDITÉ
NE PAS OUVRIR LE COUVERCLE (OU PANNEAU ARRIÈRE)
L'UTILISATEUR NE PEUT EFFECTUER AUCUNE RÉPARATION
POUR TOUTE RÉPARATION ÉVENTUELLE, FAIRE APPEL À
UN PERSONNEL QUALIFIÉ

"INSTRUCTIONS PERTAINING TO A RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY TO PERSONS"

WARNING:

- 1) Read these instructions.
- 2) Keep these instructions.
- 3) Heed all warnings.
- 4) Follow all instructions.
- 5) Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6) Clean only with dry cloth.
- 7) Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 8) Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- 9) Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wider blade or the third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
- 10) Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
- 11) Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
- 12) Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus.
When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
- 13) Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
- 14) Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.



NOTE: The socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible. To completely disconnect this apparatus from the AC MAINS, disconnect the power supply cord plug from the AC receptacle.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS À CONSERVER

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IMPORTANT NOTES

Product Care

- Do not apply excessive force to the instrument's structures and controls (knobs, buttons, keyboard etc...).
- Whenever possible, do not place the instrument close to units that generate strong interference, such as radio - TV sets, monitors, etc ...
- Do not place the instrument close to heat sources, in damp or dusty places or in the vicinity of strong magnetic fields.
- Do not expose the instrument to direct sunlight.
- Never insert foreign bodies or liquids of any kind into the instrument.
- For cleaning use only a soft brush or compressed air; never use detergents, solvents or alcohol.
- Always use good quality screened cables for connection to amplification or diffusion systems. When disconnecting cables from sockets, always take hold of the connector and not the cable itself; when winding cables do not knot or twist them.
- Before making connections make sure that the other units you are about to connect (especially amplification and diffusion systems) are switched off. This will prevent noisy or even dangerous signal peaks.
- Connect the net cable to an earthed socket.
- Check that the voltage corresponds to the voltage shown on the serial number plate of the organ.
- If the instrument is to be out of use for long periods, disconnect the power cable from the power socket.
- Do not place the power cord near heat sources. Do not bend the cable too much, or damage it.

Notes about this manual

- Keep this manual with care.
- This manual is an integral part of the instrument. The descriptions and illustrations contained in this publication are not binding.
- While the instrument's essential characteristics remain the same, the manufacturer reserves the right to make any modifications to parts, details or accessories considered appropriate to improve the product or for requirements of a constructional or commercial nature, at any time and without undertaking to update this publication immediately.
- All rights reserved; the reproduction of any part of this manual, in any form, without the manufacturer's specific written permission, is forbidden.
- All the trademarks referred to in this manual are the property of the respective manufacturers.
- Please read all the information carefully, so that you obtain the best performance and will from your instrument.
- The codes or numbers in square brackets ([]) indicate the names of the buttons, sliders, trimmers and connectors on the instrument. For example, [EXIT] refers to the EXIT button.
- The illustrations are purely for information purposes and may differ from your product.
- The instructions provided in this manual only concern the instrument's operating system version that was up to date when the document was released. Therefore, such instructions might not describe faithfully your current operating system release. Please, visit the website www.viscountinstruments.com to check for the newest operating system release and manual.

This Reference Manual is updated to version 1.8.0 of the instrument's operating system.

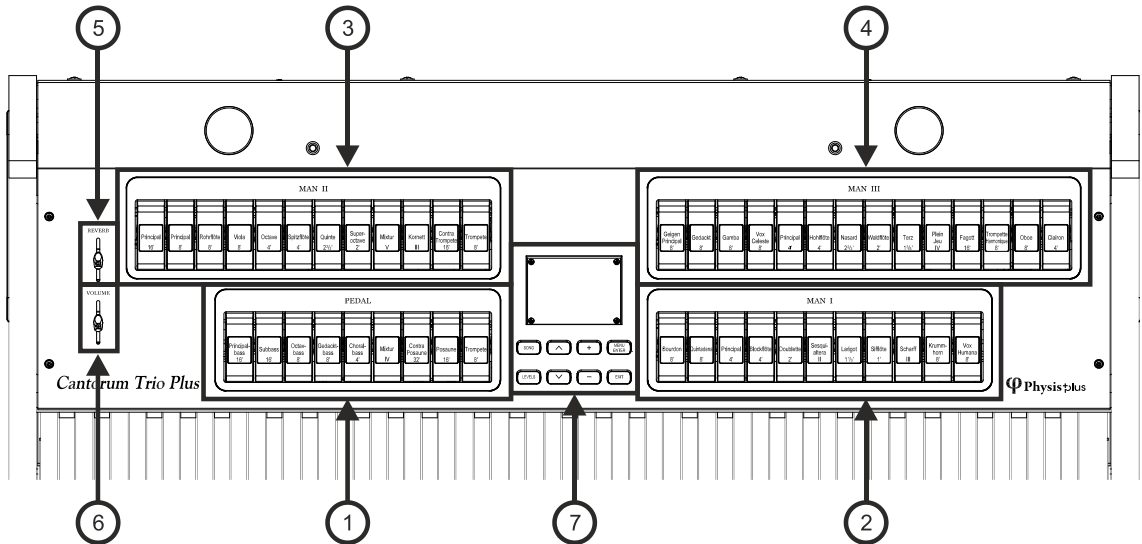


Visit the Physis Plus page on our web site for the detailed description of the Physis Plus technology!

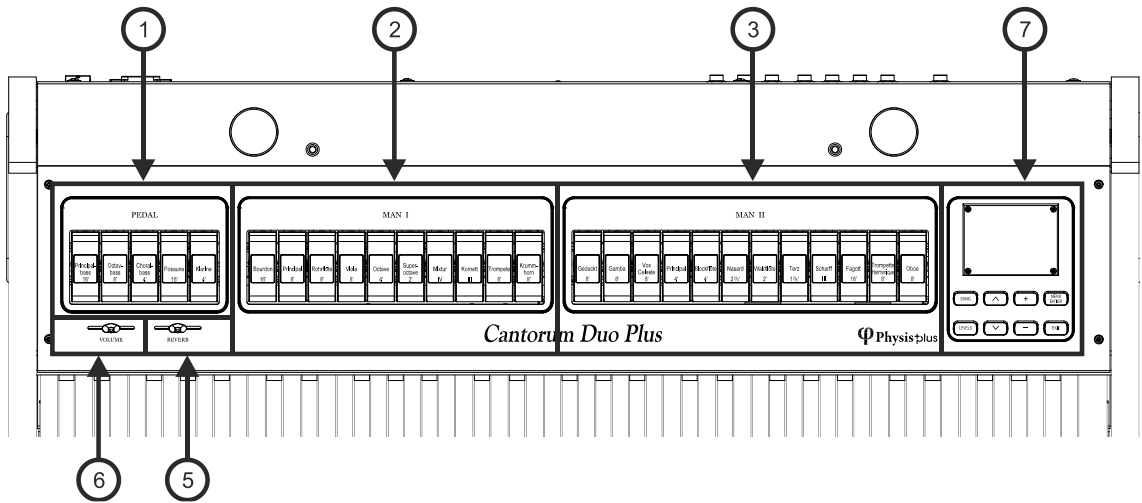
GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS

Front Panel

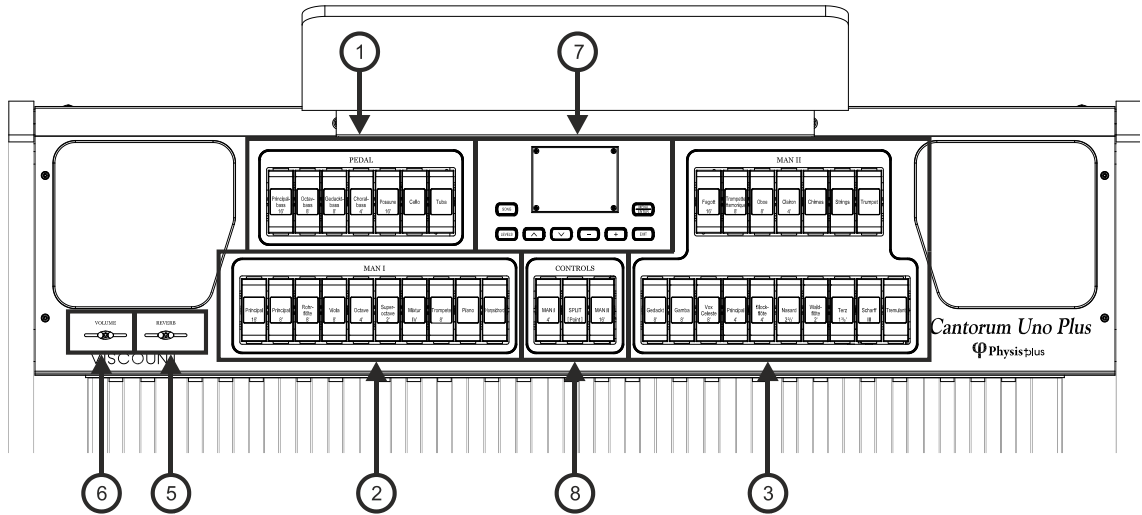
Cantorum Trio Plus



Cantorum Duo Plus



Cantorum Uno Plus



1. **PEDAL section:** contains pedal stops. It is possible to play these registers through a MIDI pedalboard connected to the MIDI [IN] connector on the rear panel (see point 23) or by activating the Automatic Pedal function (see point 14). In this case the Pedal registers are monophonic with priority assigned to the lower note and are played with:
 - in the Cantorum Trio Plus with the first 32 notes of the second manual
 - in the Cantorum Duo Plus with the first 32 notes of the first manual
 - in the Cantorum Uno Plus with the first 24 notes of the manual

In the case of a MIDI pedalboard, this must transmit the notes on the reception channel set in the SHOES & PEDALBOARD function (see page 42).

NOTES

- The last key of Automatic Pedal is adjustable using the A.P. LAST KEY display parameter (see page 26).
- With Automatic Pedal enabled, notes transmitted by the MIDI pedalboard are not played.

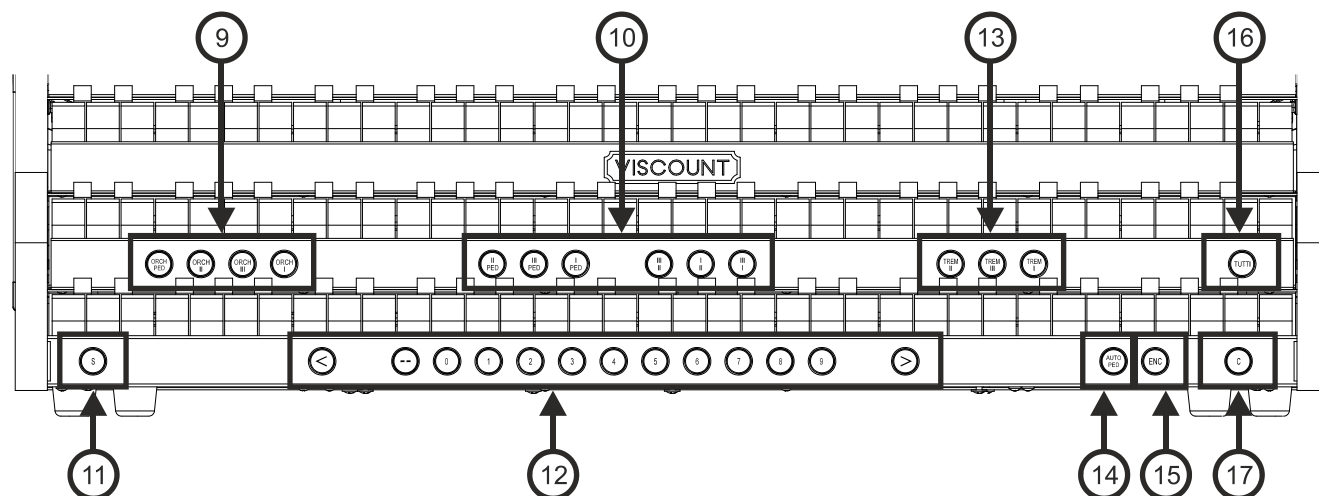
2. **MAN I section:** contains stops of Manual I.
3. **MAN II section:** contains stops (and tremulant in the Cantorum Uno Plus) of Manual II.
4. **MAN III section:** contains stops of Manual III.

For each stop a different voice can be selected. You can also adjust the main sound-generation parameters. Further information can be found on page 20.

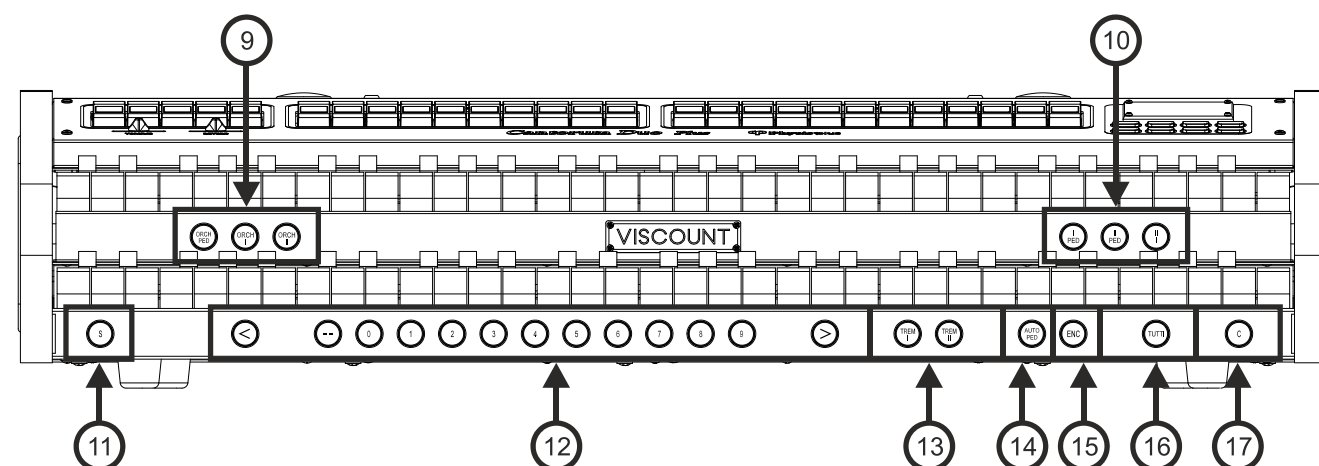
5. **[REVERB] slider:** controls the amount of reverberation effect.
6. **[VOLUME] slider:** controls the overall volume of the organ.
7. **Control and programming section:** the buttons and the display in this section allow the user to program and set up the instrument and use the internal sequencer. The buttons to visualize and navigate through all the display screens are located near the display and are:
 - **[SONG]:** access the video pages of the internal sequencer.
 - **[LEVELS]:** access the video page for all the volume settings available in the instruments.
 - **[^]** and **[v]**: buttons used to move the cursor, identified by the field in reverse. **[^]** moves it in the field above or the previous field, **[v]** in the field below or the next field.
 - **[+]** and **[-]**: buttons which regulate the values of the parameters, whether they are numerical or alphanumerical. **[+]** increases, **[-]** decreases.
 - **[EXIT]** and **[MENU/ENTER]**: access and quit the display screens and menus, or confirm or cancel prompts made by the system. **[MENU/ENTER]** accesses menus/screens and confirms, **[EXIT]** quits menus/screens and cancels. If it is held pressed for a while, the main screen is immediately displayed, regardless of the current menu level
8. **CONTROLS section:** in the Cantorum Uno Plus are available three additional functions:
 - **[MAN.I 4']:** transposes one octave up the Manual I voices.
 - **[SPLIT]:** activates (tab on) / deactivate the Split of the keyboard. In fact, the instrument can play as if it were equipped with two separate manuals, one using Manual II voices (right of the Split key included), and another using Manual I and Pedalboard voices (left of the Split).
By default, the Split point is set to the C4 key. To set a different Split point press and hold the [SPLIT] tab in the ON position, when the light starts flashing, continuing to hold down [SPLIT] and press a key on the keyboard that will be the new Split point. Otherwise you can use the SPLIT KEY display parameter (see page 26).
 - **[MAN.II 16']:** transposes one octave down the Manual II voices.

Thumb pistons

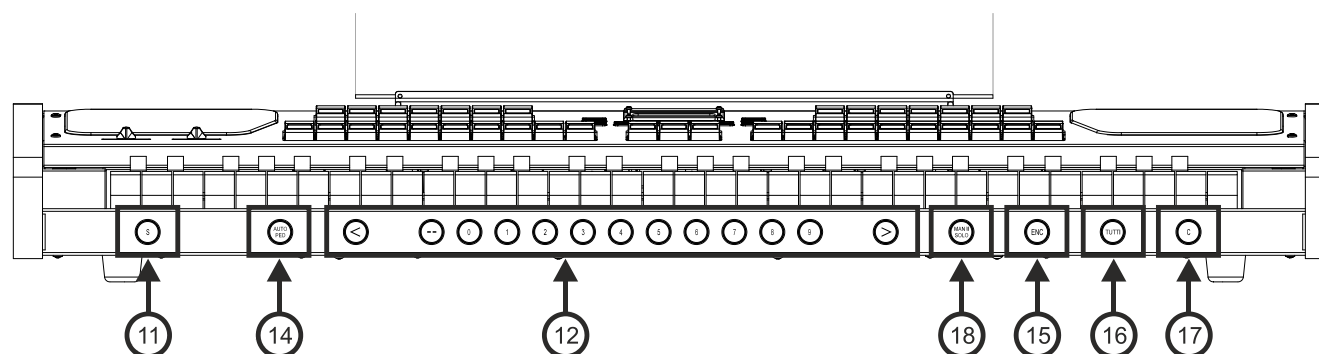
Cantorum Trio Plus



Cantorum Duo Plus



Cantorum Uno Plus



9. Orchestra pistons: pistons for activation and deactivation of orchestral voices.

- [ORCH PED]: orchestral voice of Pedal.
- [ORCH I]: orchestral voice of Manual I.
- [ORCH II]: orchestral voice of Manual II.
- [ORCH III]: orchestral voice of Manual III.

It is possible to select the voice activated by the stop and adjust the main sound generation parameters of each voice. For further information see page [24](#).

10. Couplers: here are the thumb pistons for the activation / deactivation of the couplers between the manuals and the pedalboard:

- **[II/P]:** coupler of the second manual with the pedalboard.
- **[III/P]:** coupler of the third manual with the pedalboard.
- **[I/P]:** coupler of the first manual with the pedalboard
- **[III/II]:** coupler of the third manual to the second.
- **[I/II]:** coupler of the first manual to the second.
- **[III/I]:** coupler of the third manual to the first.
- **[II/I]:** coupler of the second manual to the first.

11. [S]: piston to save general combinations, Tutti and Crescendo steps. To save a combination in the actual memory bank:

- 1) Press and hold the [S] thumb piston.
- 2) Press the desired combination thumb.
- 3) Release the [S] thumb piston.

To save a combination in another memory bank,

- 1) Select the memory bank pressing [- -] then press two [0] / [9] pistons.
- 2) Press and hold [S].
- 3) Press [0] / [9] piston to select the combination to be saved.
For example, pressing pistons [2], [0] and [4] saves the combination 4 of the memory bank 20.
- 4) Release the [S] thumb piston.

To save Tutti:

- 1) Press and hold the [S] thumb piston.
- 2) Press the [TUTTI] thumb.
- 3) Release the [S] thumb piston.

To save a Crescendo step:

- 1) Select it through the [CRESCENDO] pedal.
- 2) Press and hold the [S] thumb piston.
- 3) Press [ENC] thumb piston.
- 4) Release the [S] thumb piston.

To copy the content of one Crescendo step to another:

- 1) Select the step you wish to copy.
- 2) Press and hold the [S] thumb piston.
- 3) Select the step in which you wish to paste the content.
- 4) Press the [ENC] thumb piston.
- 5) Release the [S] thumb piston.

12. General combinations.

- **[- -]:** press this thumb piston and then the [0] / [9] pistons to select the desired memory bank and general combination. The first two presses of [0] / [9] piston select the memory bank, the third press selects the combination. For example, pressing pistons [2], [0] and [4] selects the combination 4 of the memory bank 20.
- **[0] / [9]:** thumb pistons to recall the combinations saved in the selected memory bank. These combinations can be modified. To do so, follow the procedure described for [S] thumb piston.
- **[<] / [>]:** general combinations sequencers. [<] selects them in descending order, [>] in ascending order.

NOTE

When the organ is switched on, memory bank 0 is always selected.

13. Tremulants: here are the thumb pistons for the activation / deactivation of the Tremulant for each section.

- **[TREM I]:** Manual I Tremulant.
- **[TREM II]:** Manual II Tremulant.
- **[TREM III]:** Manual III Tremulant.

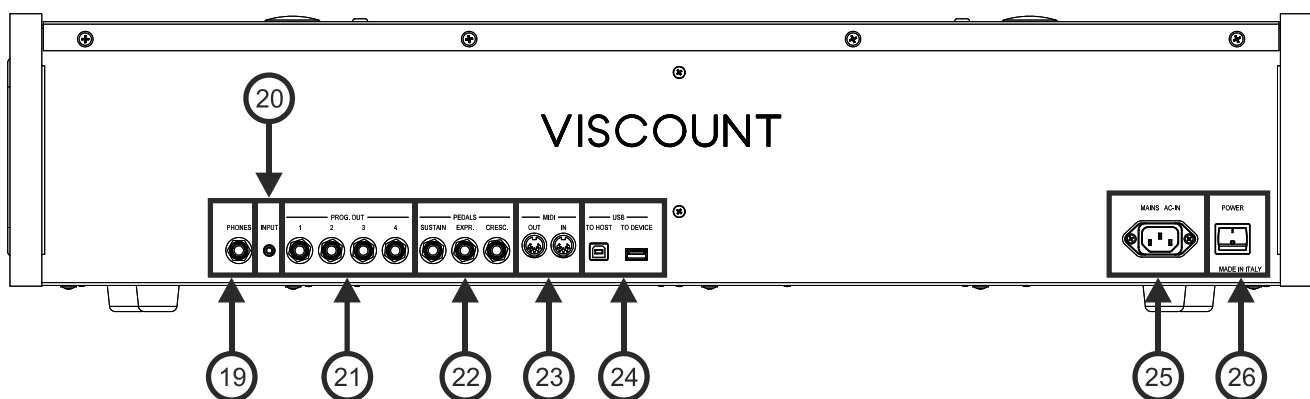
Two tremulants are available for each section, and both can be activated through the [TREM] thumb pistons. For each tremulant it is possible to adjust speed, depth, amplitude and waveform and assign it to each voice. Further information can be found on page 19.

- 14. [AUTO PED]:** activates the Automatic Pedal or the Pedal Automatic Piano function. Select the mode of the piston among the A.P. MODE parameter in the KEYBOARDS menu (page 27).
- 15. [ENC]:** when the Enclosed function is active, the main volume can be controlled through the expression pedal connected to the [EXPR.] connector (see point 22) or via MIDI (see page 42). Which expression pedal and which section are controlled can be customized among the ENC CONFIG function in the CONTROLS menu (page 29).
- 16. [TUTTI]:** thumb piston that recalls Tutti. The Tutti can be modified. To do so, follow the procedure described for [S] thumb piston.
- 17. [C]:** Cancel thumb piston to turn off all stops, tremulants, couplers, and the other pistons on the manuals (except when differently set through the functions in the COMBINATIONS menu, see page 29).
- 18. [MAN II SOLO]** (Cantorum Uno Plus only): activates the Manual II Solo function. Using this function you can play the melody with Manual II stops. Therefore, all the while the function is active, the highest notes are played with monophonic Manual II voices.

NOTE

The Manual II Solo function cannot be used when the Split of the keyboard is activated (see point 8). For the same reason, turning on the Manual II Solo with the Split activated automatically turns it off.

Rear Panel



- 19. [PHONES] connector:** plug for a headphone set.
- 20. [INPUT] connector:** stereophonic line input for external audio signals. The external audio signal is added to the sound produced by the instrument.
- 21. PROG. OUT connectors:** the instrument's general line outputs, allowing simulation of the windchests of pipe organs. The signals are distributed over the outputs on the basis of the OUTPUTS settings available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application. These settings allow you to select the type of windchest, its size based on the position in space of the speakers. Each output also has dedicated type, mode, level, equalization and reverb controls.
- 22. [PEDALS] connectors:** in these connectors it is possible to connect pedals to control the following functions:
- **[SUSTAIN]:** connector for a switch-type pedal to control the Sustain effect for orchestral voices.
 - **[EXPR.]:** connector for a volume-type pedal for the continuous control of Man.III (Cantorum Trio Plus) or Man.II (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus) volume.
 - **[CRESC.]:** connector for a volume-type pedal to select the Crescendo level (step). These levels activate a fixed set of stops, linked with an equal number of loudness, from pianissimo to fortissimo. The current level is shown on the display by the CRESC. field in the main video page (see page 10). The Crescendo controls all the registers and couplers. Each level of the Crescendo can be programmed. To save the Crescendo configuration, see [S] thumb piston description.

23. [MIDI] connectors: connectors for connecting MIDI devices.

- **[IN]:** input connector for receiving data from an external MIDI unit to the instrument. Connect to the MIDI output of the transmitting device (e. g. a MIDI pedalboard).
- **[OUT]:** this connector transmits the MIDI data generated by the instrument. Connect to the MIDI input of the receiving device (e. g. an expander).

24. [USB] connectors: two USB ports. The [TO HOST] port links the organ to a computer, in order to use the "Physis Plus The Editor" Windows / Mac OS / iOS application and/or to send and receive MIDI data (see IN PORT and OUT parameters on page 34). The [TO DEVICE] port is dedicated to USB flash drive (not included with the organ) to save and load configuration files and songs recorded using the internal sequencer.

25. [MAINS AC-IN] socket: connector for the power cable supplied with the instrument.

26. [POWER] switch: switches the instrument on and off.

NOTES

- *When a headphone jack is inserted, the organ's internal speakers are automatically muted.*
- *When switching on, the instrument automatically detects the polarity of the switch pedal connected to the [SUSTAIN] connector. Do not hold down the pedal when turning the power on, to avoid reversing the operation of the pedal.*
- *Expression and Crescendo can also be controlled via MIDI. It is necessary to set the type and operation mode of the respective pedals using the SHOES / PEDALBOARD function (page 42). In addition to this, please note that when using the MIDI controls, Expression and Crescendo cannot be controlled with pedals connected to the [EXPR.] and [CRESC.] connectors. Likewise, by selecting the use of these pedals, control via MIDI is not possible.*
- *The [CRESC.] pedal can control also the volume of Pedal and Manual II or Manual I (Cantorum Trio Plus) or Pedal and Manual I (Cantorum Duo and Uno Plus). For further information about this function see page 29.*
- *For further information about the MIDI interface, see page 58.*
- *For further information about the use of a USB flash drive, see page 15, 37 and 44.*
- *When the instrument is connected to a computer, MIDI apps will detect two MIDI devices Physis+ MIDI Gadget and MIDIIN2/OUT2 (Physis+ MIDI Gadget). To use the instrument with a MIDI application, select MIDIIN2/OUT2 (Physis+ MIDI Gadget) port.*

SWITCHING ON AND MAIN VIDEO PAGE

After turning on the instrument, the display shows the Physis Plus logo video page and, once ready, the main video page:

PIPE SET	CMB	TRANSP
Baro4	0	--
TEMPERAMENT	CRESC	EXPRES
EQUAL	-	III
PITCH		
440.00 Hz		

PIPE SET	CMB	TRANSP
Baro4	0	--
TEMPERAMENT	CRESC	EXPRES
EQUAL	-	II
PITCH		
440.00 Hz		

containing the following display field:

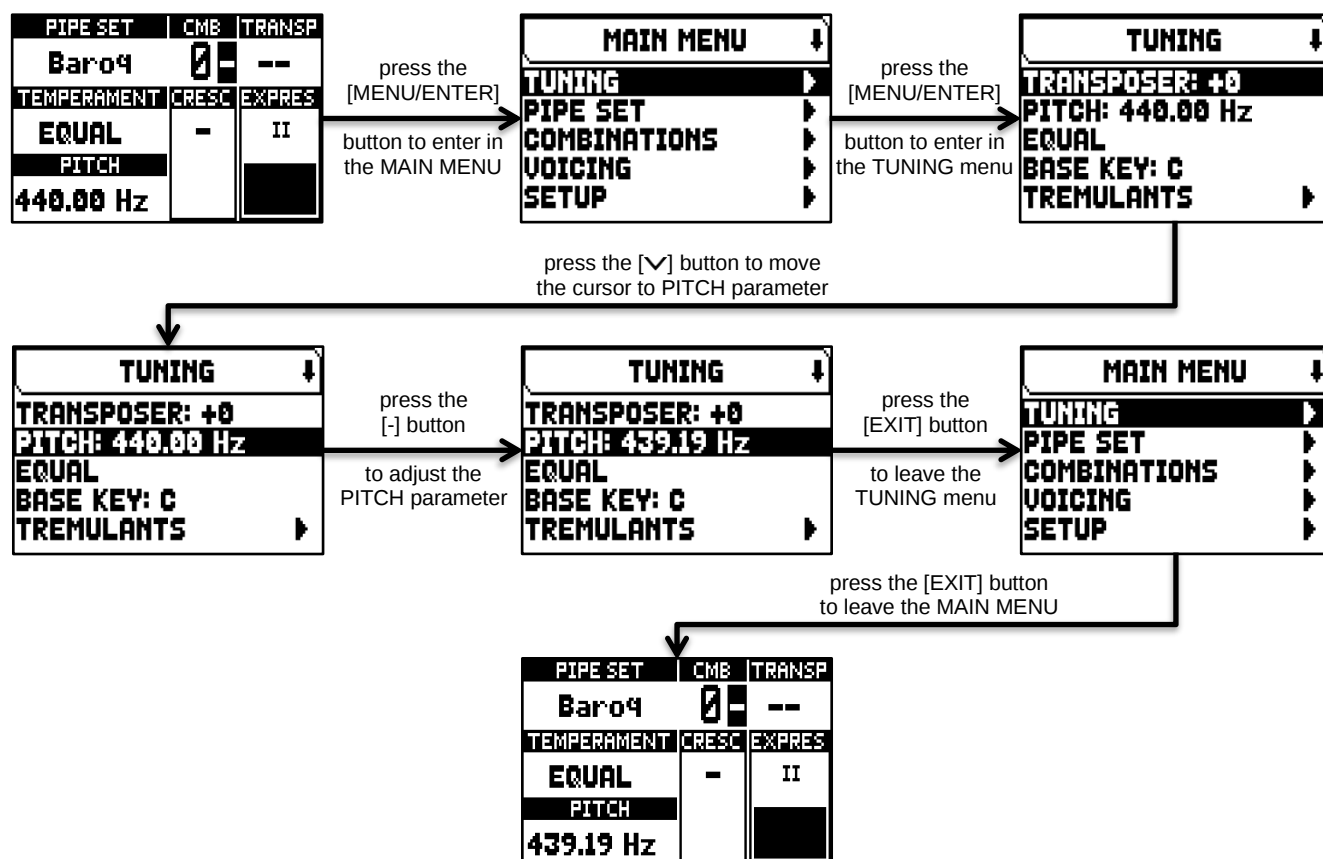
- **PIPE SET:** Pipe Set currently in use (page 12).
- **CMB:** selected combination. The first one (for memory banks from n.0 to n.9) or two (for memory banks from n.10 to n.99) numbers indicate the memory bank, the second or third number (in reverse) indicates the selected general combination as showed by the illuminated general combination thumb piston. Tutti is indicated by the  symbol.
- **TRANSP:** transposition set in TUNING (page 18).
- **TEMPERAMENT:** temperament currently in use, selected in TUNING (page 18).
- **PITCH:** instrument's tuning, expressed as the frequency of A4, set in TUNING (page 18).
- **CRESC:** currently selected Crescendo step.
- **EXPRES:** expressions levels in according to the expression pedals position.

When the main page is displayed, [+] and [-] buttons can be used to adjust one of these parameters. To select which parameter is adjusted, use the [^] and [v] buttons,  and  symbols are displayed in the field of the adjusted parameter.

How to navigate in the menus

Here a simple explanation how to display a specific video page, regulate a parameter and come back to the main video page. Bear in mind this procedure to reach all the parameters described in this Reference Manual.

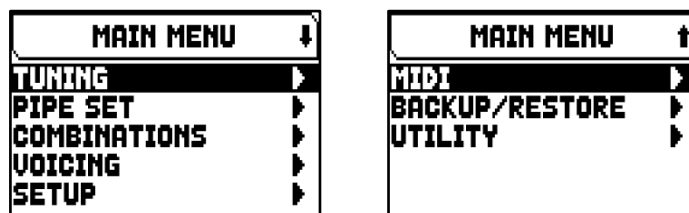
Example: you have to regulate the general pitch at 439,19 Hz:



The Main Menu

The MAIN MENU gives access to all the instrument's settings.

To access to this menu, in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button.



The MAIN MENU sections are the following:

Section	Description
TUNING	Instrument's tuning parameters (page 18).
PIPE SET	Selection and management of the Pipe Sets (page 12).
COMBINATIONS	Management of the combinations (page 15).
VOICING	Selection of alternative voices and sound generation parameters adjustment (page 20).
SETUP	Instrument general settings (page 26, 29, 30, 31).
MIDI	MIDI settings (page 34).
BACKUP/RESTORE	Save/Load of the entire organ configuration, reset to factory settings (page 37).
UTILITY	Accessory functions (page 40)

NOTE

Menus can contain two or more display pages. In this case a ↓ or ↑ symbol is displayed on the top right of the video page, indicating the presence of a next or previous page.

THE PIPE SETS

A Pipe Set identifies the entire configuration of an organ, that is the voice and the relative parameters of each stop, tuning, configuration of several controls and functions, allowing the appropriate use to the repertoire to be performed. The many Pipe Sets allow the musician to use several organ configurations, as if several different instruments were present at the same time in the same place.

The Pipe Sets supplied by Viscount are already present in the instrument at the time of purchase and programmed by our laboratories on the basis of the appropriate organ schools, however it can be modified by the user.

What a Pipe Set contains

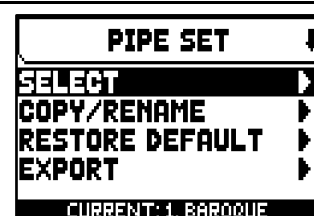
Below is the complete list of what a Pipe Set sets on the instrument:

Parameter	Display page	Explanation page
Stop Voice	VOICING	20
Voice parameters	VOICING + <i>extra parameters available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application (except Internal and External Windchests)</i>	20
Divisional volumes	LEVELS	17
Orchestra volume	LEVELS	17
Tuning parameters (except Transposer)	TUNING	18
Tremulants parameters	TUNING / TREMULANTS	18
Keyboards/Pedalboard Velocity	SETUP / KEYBOARDS / VELOCITY	26
Tracker Touch	SETUP / KEYBOARDS	26
Keyboards Inversion	SETUP / KEYBOARDS / INVERSION	26
1st Short Octave	SETUP / KEYBOARDS / 1st SHORT OCTAVE	27
Crescendo Pedal	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Reverb parameters	SETUP / AUDIO / REVERBERATION	31
Swells Range & Filter	<i>available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application</i>	

The Pipe Set menu

The PIPE SET menu contains all the functions for selecting and managing the Pipe Sets. To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the PIPE SET field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The PIPE SET menu contains the following functions:

Function	Description
Select	Selection of a Pipe Set.
Copy/Rename	Copy of a Pipe Set allocating it in one of the available slots and rename.
Restore Default	Reset of a Pipe Set to the initial configuration.
Export	Saving a Pipe Set in a USB flash drive.
Import	Loading a Pipe Set from a USB flash drive.

In this video page the Pipe Set currently selected appears in the bottom of the screen, also indicated in the lists of the Pipe Sets by the  symbol.

Selection of a Pipe Set (SELECT function)

To select a Pipe Set it follow this procedure:

1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the PIPE SET field,
3. select the SELECT field,
4. select the desired Pipe Set from those displayed in the list.

Use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor to other Pipe Sets, then press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the new selection and make it usable, press [EXIT] to avoid the change and leave the currently selected Pipe Set.



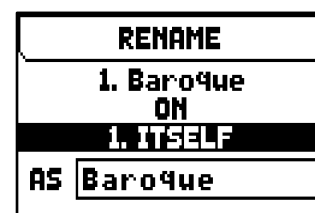
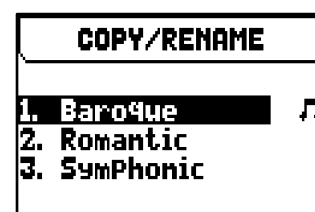
NOTES

- The voice name printed on the tabs is the voice recalled by the first Pipe Set.
- Please note that in general, only the state of the stops is saved, and NOT which voice they activate. Selecting a Pipe Set might change the voices recalled by the stops, and therefore a combination may activate stops which were not saved as 'active'. It is a good practice to always remember which Pipe Set was active when saving a combination.

Copy or rename of a Pipe Set (COPY/RENAME function)

To copy a Pipe Set in an other location, follow this procedure:

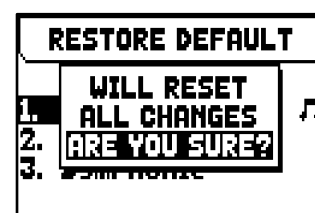
1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the PIPE SET field,
3. select the COPY/RENAME field,
4. select the Pipe Set you want to copy and press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
5. select the location where you wish to place the Pipe Set you are copying.
6. in the "AS" field you can assign a name to the Pipe Set you are copying. Use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character. Selecting the same Pipe Set location it is possible to rename an existing Pipe Set, without copy it in an other location.
7. press [MENU/ENTER] button to confirm the copy, or [EXIT] to quit.



Restore the original content of a Pipe Set (RESTORE DEFAULT function)

It is possible to undo the changes made to a Pipe Set, restoring its original content (not the factory content, but the one present at the time of copy). To do this, follow this procedure:

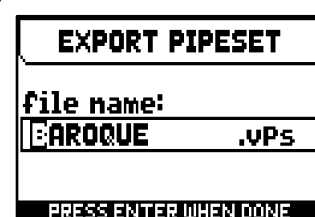
1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the PIPE SET field,
3. select the RESTORE DEFAULT field,
4. select the Pipe Set you want to restore with the original content,
5. press [MENU/ENTER] button at the "WILL RESET ALL CHANGES, ARE YOU SURE?" message to confirm, or [EXIT] to quit.



Saving a Pipe Set in a USB flash drive (EXPORT function)

To save a Pipe Set to a USB flash drive as a .VPS file, follow this procedure:

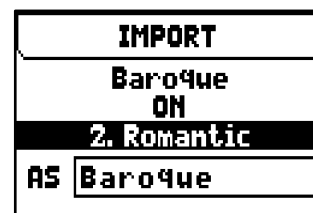
1. insert a USB flash drive in the USB [TO DEVICE] connector located on the rear panel,
2. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
3. select the PIPE SET field,
4. select the EXPORT field,
5. select the Pipe Set you want to save and press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
6. in the FILE NAME box you can modify the proposed .VPS file name. Use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character.
7. press [MENU/ENTER] button to save (or [EXIT] to quit) and wait the "FILE SAVED" message. The .VPS file will be saved in the "v_settings" folder of the USB flash drive.



Loading a Pipe Set from a USB flash drive (IMPORT function)

To load a Pipe Set from a USB flash drive saved as a .VPS file using the EXPORT function (see above), follow this procedure:

1. insert the USB flash drive with the .VPS file(s) in the USB [TO DEVICE] located on the rear panel,
2. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
3. select the PIPE SET field,
4. select the IMPORT field,
5. select the .VPS file you want to load and press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
6. select the location where you wish to place the Pipe Set you are loading, bearing in mind that the Pipe Set in the organ's internal memory location will be overwritten,
7. in the "AS" field you can assign a name to the Pipe Set you are loading. Use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character.
8. press [MENU/ENTER] button to confirm the load, or [EXIT] to quit.



NOTES

- The content of an overwritten Pipe Set using the COPY/RENAME or IMPORT functions will be definitely lost. To avoid this you can save in USB pen a file of the complete actual organ configuration using the SAVE SNAPSHOT function (see page 38) or of a single Pipe Set using the EXPORT function and reload it (also just the Pipe Sets in case of SAVE SNAPSHOT) when necessary.
- To restore the original (factory) Pipe Sets it is necessary to perform a Factory Reset (see page 38).
- Once the USB flash drive is inserted please wait some seconds before displaying the EXPORT or IMPORT menus. If the instrument still does not detect the drive, showing "USB PEN NOT FOUND" message, press [EXIT] to leave the menu and then try again.
- When connecting a new or just formatted USB flash drive to the organ, the system will automatically create two directories in the drive: "v_settings" and "v_songs". The system needs these two folders to arrange files, and they must not be deleted or renamed, otherwise the saved files will be lost. The system will save Pipe Sets as .VPS file in the "v_settings" directory.
- Always use USB flash drive formatted with FAT or FAT32 file system (no NTFS).
- If you wish to rename .VPS files saved to the USB stick using a computer, always make sure that the names can be a maximum of 12 characters and cannot contain special characters such as "\$", "@", "#", etc. The "_" will be automatically converted as a space.

MANAGING COMBINATIONS

The instrument can save all the combinations, Crescendo steps and Tutti to a USB flash drive. These combinations can then be recalled at any time. The main purpose of this function is to offer an almost unlimited number of combinations; furthermore, a saved combinations file can be used on a different organ of the same series. In add of this, the COMBINATIONS menu allow you to reset all the organ's combinations, Crescendo steps and Tutti to the factory settings as programmed by Viscount.

The Combinations menu

The COMBINATIONS menu contains all the functions for managing the combinations. To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the COMBINATIONS field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The COMBINATIONS menu contains the following functions:

Function	Description
Export	Saving a combinations file in a USB flash drive.
Import	Loading a combinations file from a USB flash drive.
Reset Combinations	Reset of all the combinations, Crescendo steps and Tutti to the factory settings.

Saving combinations in a USB flash drive (EXPORT function)

To save all the organs's combinations to a USB flash drive as a .CMB file, follow this procedure:

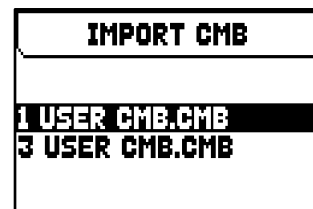
8. insert a USB flash drive in the USB [TO DEVICE] connector located on the rear panel,
9. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
10. select the COMBINATIONS field,
11. select the EXPORT field,
12. in the FILE NAME box you can modify the proposed .CMB file name. Use the [^] and [V] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character.
13. press [MENU/ENTER] button to save (or [EXIT] to quit) and wait the "FILE SAVED" message. The .CMB file will be saved in the "v_settings" folder of the USB flash drive.



Loading combinations from a USB flash drive (IMPORT function)

To load all the organs's combinations from a USB flash drive saved as a .CMB file using the EXPORT function (see above), follow this procedure:

9. insert the USB flash drive with the .CMB file(s) in the USB [TO DEVICE] located on the rear panel,
10. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
11. select the COMBINATIONS field,
12. select the IMPORT field,
13. select the .CMB file you want to load and press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
14. press [MENU/ENTER] button to confirm the load, or [EXIT] to quit.



Reset all the organ's combinations (RESET COMBINATIONS function)

To restore the content of all the organ's combinations, Crescendo steps and Tutti to the factory settings as programmed by Viscount, follow this procedure:

1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the COMBINATIONS field,
3. select the RESET COMBINATIONS field,
4. press [MENU/ENTER] button at the "RESETTING COMBINATIONS" message to confirm, or [EXIT] to quit.



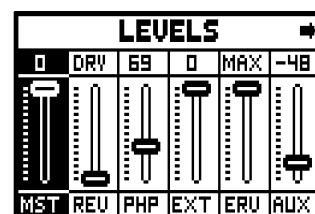
NOTES

- *The content of overwritten combinations using the IMPORT or RESET functions will be definitely lost. To avoid this you can save them in USB flash drive as a file using the EXPORT function and, if necessary, reload them using the IMPORT function (see above).*
- *Once the USB flash drive is inserted please wait some seconds before displaying the EXPORT or IMPORT menus. If the instrument still does not detect the drive, showing “USB PEN NOT FOUND” message, press [EXIT] to leave the menu and then try again.*
- *When connecting a new or just formatted USB flash drive to the organ, the system will automatically create two directories in the drive: “v_settings” and “v_songs”. The system needs these two folders to arrange files, and they must not be deleted or renamed, otherwise the saved files will be lost. The system will save combinations as .CMB file in the “v_settings” directory.*
- *Always use USB flash drive formatted with FAT or FAT32 file system (no NTFS).*
- *If you wish to rename .CMB files saved to the USB stick using a computer, always make sure that the names can be a maximum of 12 characters and cannot contain special characters such as “\$”, “@”, “#”, etc. The “_” will be automatically converted as a space.*

SETTING THE VOLUMES (LEVELS menu)

The Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus organ allow the user to adjust several volumes, in order to obtain a perfect sound balance among the sections and between internal and external amplifications.

To display the volumes video page, press the [LEVELS] button.



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
MST (Master)	Organ's overall volume, which can also be adjusted with the [VOLUME] slider on the front panel. Settings: Off, -59 dB to 0 dB
REV (Reverb)	Reverb effect level on the internal amplification, which can also be adjusted with the [REVERB] slider on the front panel. Settings: Dry, 1 to 99, Wet
PHP (Phones Pan)	Stereo panorama width in headphones. Settings: 50 to 100
EXT (External outputs)	General volume of the PROG. OUT connectors of the rear panel. Settings: Off, -59 dB to 0 dB
ERV (External reverb)	Reverb effect level on the PROG. OUT connectors of the rear panel. Settings: Dry, 1 to 99, Wet
AUX (Aux inputs)	Input signal level at the [INPUT] rear connector. Settings: Off, -59 dB to 0 dB
PED (Pedalboard)	Pedalboard divisional volume. Settings: -18 to 0
I (Manual I)	Manual I divisional volume. Settings: -18 to 0
II (Manual II)	Manual II divisional volume. Settings: -18 to 0
III (Manual III)	Manual III divisional volume. Settings: -18 to 0
ORC (Orchestra)	Volume of the orchestral voices. Settings: -18 to 0

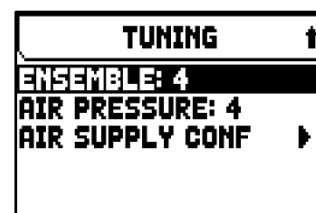
Press [EXIT] or [LEVELS] or wait about 4 seconds to quit the screen and return to the previous video page.

TUNING THE INSTRUMENT (TUNING menu)

The TUNING menu gives access to all the instrument's tuning parameters.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the TUNING field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Transposer	General instrument transposition by semitones. Settings: -6 to +5 NOTES - When switched on, the organ's transposition is always set at 0. - Transposition does not have any effect on playback of pieces with the internal sequencer (unlike recording, where the notes are acquired with the current transposition). A specific transposer is provided for this purpose (see page 48)
Pitch	General fine tuning, indicated as the frequency of A4 (based on a 8' pitch stop). Settings: 415,3 Hz (-100 cents) to 466,16 Hz (+100 cents)
[third field on the display] (“Equal” in the screen shown above)	Selector for setting historical temperaments of various periods and countries of origin. Settings: Equal, Kirnberger II, Werckmeister III, Pythagorean, Meantone 3#, Vallotti, Chaumont, Kellner 1975, Kirnberger III, Werckmeister IV, Werckmeister V, Silbermann, Meantone 3b, Meantone Purem3rd, Zarlino, Sauver 1, Sauver 2, Barca, Neidhardt II, Custom 1, Custom 2, Custom 3, Custom 4 NOTE Custom temperaments are programmable. See below.
Base Key	Key on which the chain of 12 fifths that make up the temperament starts. Settings: C to B
Tremulants	Setting parameters of each tremulant.
Ensemble	Level of tiny natural differences in pitch between one organ pipe and another, simulating the tuning error that occurs in the organ's pipes due to wear over time and variations in temperature. Settings: 0 (pipes perfectly tuned) to 8 (maximum pitch instability)
Air Pressure	Simulates the drop in air pressure when a large quantity of air is requested in a short time (e.g. when large chords are played with the Tutti). This is reflected in a temporary, gradual drop in pitch, more evident in the shortest, largest pipes (flutes, bourdons, principals). Settings: 0 (no drop of air pressure) to 8 (maximum drop of air pressure)
Air Supply Conf	Fine adjustment of the AIR PRESSURE parameter (see above).

Programming Custom temperament

In addition to the historical temperaments it is possible to program up to 4 custom temperaments, adjusting the pitch difference with respect to the Equal temperament for each note of the octave. To program a temperament, select one of the four CUSTOM items in the display field and press [MENU/ENTER].

In the video page the 12 notes of the octave are shown and the variation in 0.1 cents of semitone in a range from -50 to +50 cents. After making the desired adjustments, press [EXIT] to store them in the previously selected CUSTOM temperament and return to the TUNING screen.

CUSTOM 1 (cents)			
C	0.0	F#	0.0
C#	0.0	G	0.0
D	0.0	G#	0.0
D#	0.0	A	0.0
E	0.0	A#	0.0
F	0.0	B	0.0

Adjusting the tremulants (TREMULANTS function)

In a pipe organ it is of the utmost importance that the air pressure remain constant, so as to obtain a steady and sustained sound. However, mechanical devices were introduced to generate periodical variations in the air flow. These variations created the "tremulant" effect on the sound, which made some lead registers (such as Vox Humana) more pleasant, and the tone of the reeds colourful.

Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus has two tremulants for each section (only for the Manual II in the Cantorum Uno Plus) so as to customise further the sound, or to add more tremulant/tremolo to certain registers, such as Vox Humana. Access the VOICING function under the MAIN MENU (see page 20) to select which tremulant/tremolo will be applied to each register.

To access the video page for tremulant/tremolo adjusting, in the TUNING menu place the cursor on the TREMULANTS field and press [MENU/ENTER].

TREMULANTS	
DIVISION: MAN I	
TREMULANT: 1st	
DEPTH: 16	SPEED: 12
AMPL: 1	SHAPE: STD

The settings which can be made for the tremulants/tremolo are:

Parameter name	Description
Division	Organ division whose tremulant-you want to adjust. Settings: [organ division]
Tremulant	Tremulant you want to adjust. Settings: 1st, 2nd
Depth	Tremulant modulation depth. Settings: 4 to 32
Speed	Tremulant modulation speed. Settings: 4 to 32
Ampl	Tremulant modulation amplitude. Settings: 0 to 7
Shape	Tremulant modulation waveform. Settings: STD (standard), CST (custom)

NOTE

Tremulant parameters can be saved with different values for each general combination and for the Tutti. To do so, activate this function in the SETUP / COMBINATIONS menu (see page 30).

Fine adjustment of the AIR PRESSURE parameter (AIR SUPPLY CONFIG function)

As already reported in the descriptions of the parameters in the TUNING page, by means of the AIR PRESSURE parameter, the organ allow to simulate the air pressure drop when a large quantity is required suddenly.

Through the AIR SUPPLY CONFIG function it is possible to further customize the behavior of this parameter, selecting five different operating modes, each of which simulates the behavior of the "wind distribution system" of a particular type of pipe organ and regulating its influence separately for each organ section.

To access the adjustment screen, select the AIR SUPPLY CONF field in the TUNING menu:

AIR SUPPLY CONFIG	
MODE: BAROQUE SMALL	
PEDAL WIND SENS: 4	
MAN I WIND SENS: 4	
MAN II WIND SENS: 4	
MAN III WIND SENS: 4	

The settings which can be made are:

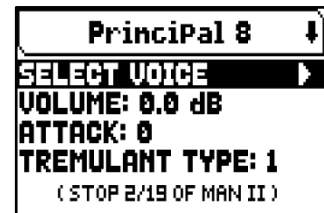
Parameter name	Description
Mode	Operating modes of the AIR PRESSURE. Settings: • Standard: no change to the behavior set in the TUNING page. • Baroque Small: behavior of a small baroque organ, with particularly sensitive and unstable air supply. • Baroque Large: behavior of a large baroque organ, more stable and with a slower response to transients than BAROQUE SMALL, but still rather sensitive. • Romantic: behavior of a great romantic / symphonic organ, with a rather stable air supply, but with a notable "ensemble" effect when big chords are played. • Gently Flexible: behavior of an organ equipped with flexible air supply, which influences the instrument in a delicate way.
[organ division] Wind Sens	Intensity of the effect for each organ division. Settings: 0 to 8

SELECTING AND REGULATING THE VOICES (VOICING menu)

One of the main features of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus synthesis technology is that it offers the user a wide array of options for customising the instrument with a very large number of organ timbres, and also makes available several parameters which can be adjusted to further increase the setup potential.

The VOICING menu contains all the functions for selecting and regulating the voices' audio parameters. To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the VOICING field,
3. press [MENU/ENTER] or hold down for a few moments the tab (in the ON position) of stop you wish to edit.

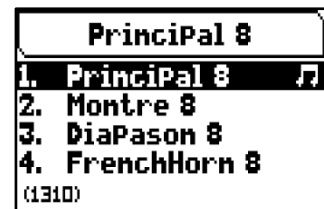


Once you have entered the VOICING video page, you can select other stops to edit, using the tab in the same way explained above, or by pressing the [^] button to place the cursor on the top field, showing the name of the register, and using the [+] and [-] buttons. The Led of the stop being modified will flash to prevent modification errors; the stop will be on and can be played for better, quicker adjustment. Other stops can also be switched on to assess the overall effect of the changes.

NOTES

- The voices selected for each stop and the sound generation parameters are automatically saved in the current Pipe Set. This means that when another Pipe Set is recalled, the voices will be reset with new parameters taken from the last Pipe Set recalled. The changes made earlier are not lost, and will be made available when the style in which they were made is selected again.
- While adjusting the VOICING parameters, in order to assign a voice to a stop and to adjust it, we advice to select the desired voice first and then to adjust its generation parameters. Please do so, as when a new voice is selected, its parameters are reset to default values.

The SELECT VOICE field allow you to access to the list of alternative voices. In this list the currently selected voice is indicated by the  symbol. When the [^] and [v] buttons are used to move the cursor to other voices, the  symbol will be moved as soon as the new voice can be played to be evaluated immediately. Other stops can also be switched on to assess the overall effect of the changes. Press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the new voice and make it usable, press [EXIT] to avoid the change and reselect the previous voice.



In the VOICING video page, below the SELECT VOICE field, are displayed the main sound generation parameters of the selected stop. The parameters displayed are not the same for every voice, since some families have specific setting parameters not required for other types of voice.

The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Volume	Stop volume. Settings: -12 dB to +12 dB
Attack	Attack time the sound takes to reach the maximum volume. Settings: -4 to +4
Tremulant Type	Select which tremulant modulates the stop. Settings: • Off: tremulant is not applied to the stop. • 1st: 1st tremulant. • *1st*: 1st tremulant automatically applied to the stop when it will be switched on. • 2nd: 2nd tremulant. • *2nd*: 2nd tremulant automatically applied to the stop when it will be switched on.
Tremulant Sens.	How much the tremulant affect the stop. Settings: 0 to 8
Ensemble Rescale	Rescaling of the overall ensemble set with the ENSEMBLE parameter (see page 18). Settings: 0 to 8
Character (not for mixture voices)	Harmonic richness. Settings: -8 to +8 (flue voices), -4 to +4 (reed voices)

Ranks Balance (mixture voices only)	Octave – Fifth ranks balance. Settings: -4 to +4
Noise (only flue voices)	Noise of the air blowing through the pipe. Settings: -4 to +4
Chiff (not for reed voices)	Chiff noise at the key attack. Settings: -4 to +4
Celeste Type (detuned voices only)	Types of beating. Settings: Orig (original), A- , A+ , B- , B+ , C- , C+ (different detuning curves)
Celeste Depth (detuned voices only)	Depth of beating. Settings: 0 to 8
Mix Brilliance (mixture voices only)	Mixture brilliance. Settings: -4 to +4
Ranks Swirl (mixture voices only)	Random pitch lock/unlock between the different pipe ranks. Settings: 0 to 8
Wavering (not for mixture voices)	Random pitch variations. Settings: 0 to 8
Frequency Skew (reed voices only)	Gradual pitch variation in the attack and release phases. Settings: 0 to 8
Release Detune (not for reed voices)	Gradual pitch variation in the release phase. Settings: 0 to 8
Int. Chest	Voices stereophonic reproduction (panning) in the internal amplification (see below). Settings: C-C#, C#-C, Wing L (left), Wing R (right), Cusp , Dbl Csp (double cusp), Dbl (double) Wing , Pan L (left), Pan R (right), Center , Poly , Off

NOTE

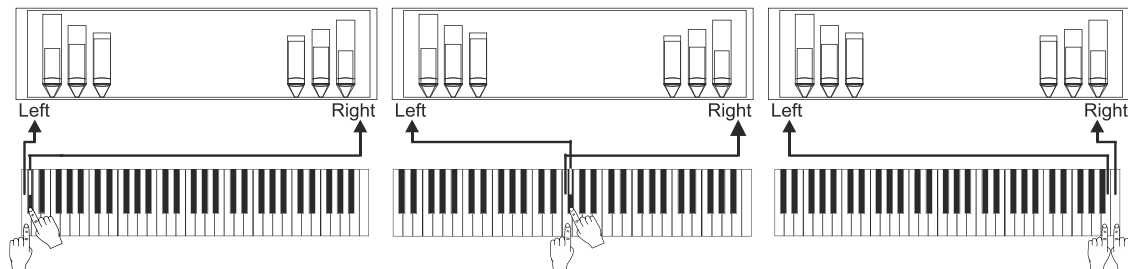
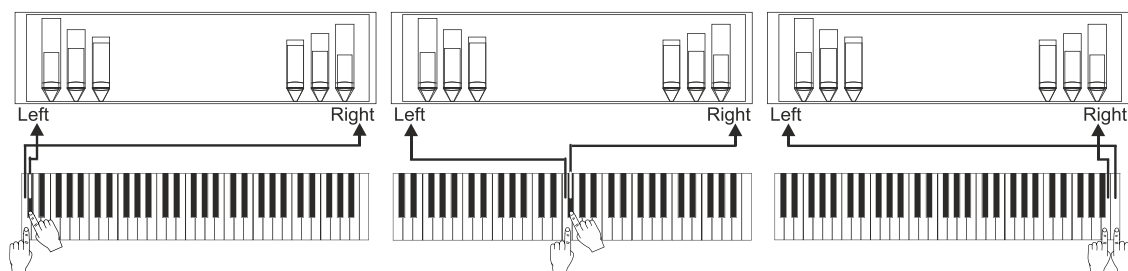
Several sound generation parameters are available in the “Physis Plus The Editor” application for a more advanced customization of each voice.

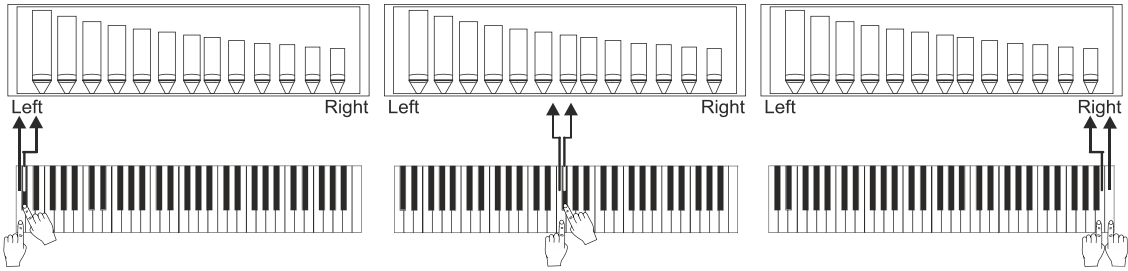
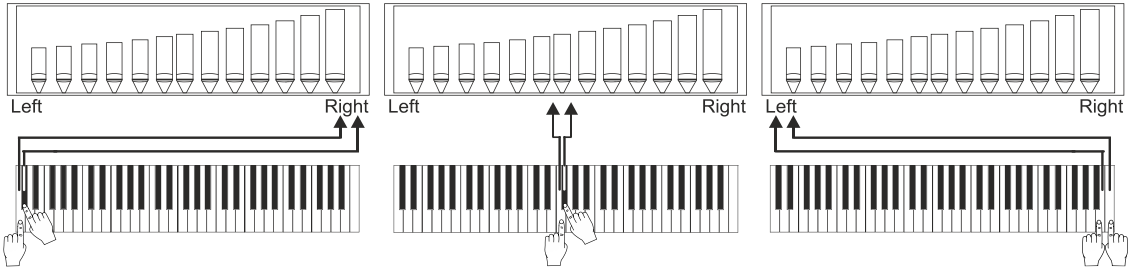
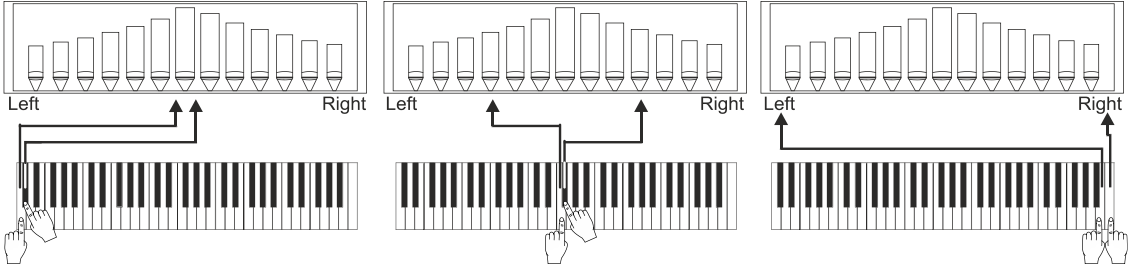
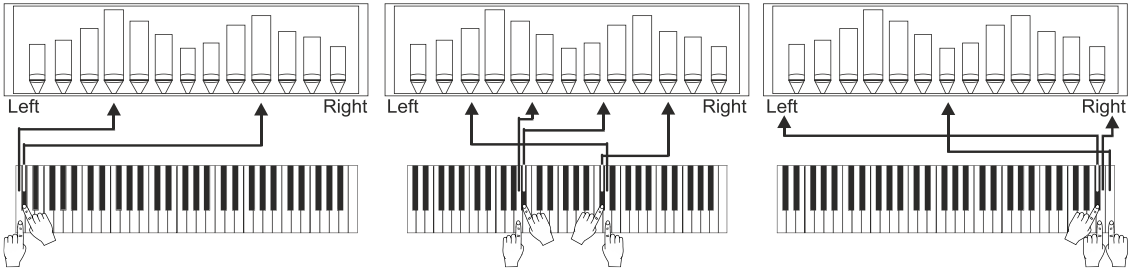
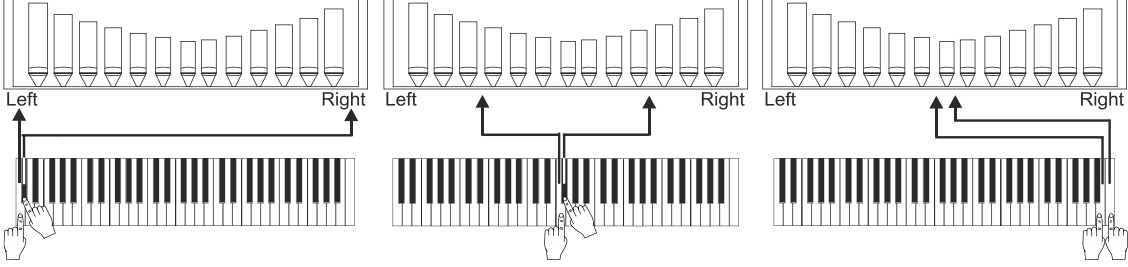
Explanation of the INT. CHEST (Internal Windchest parameter)

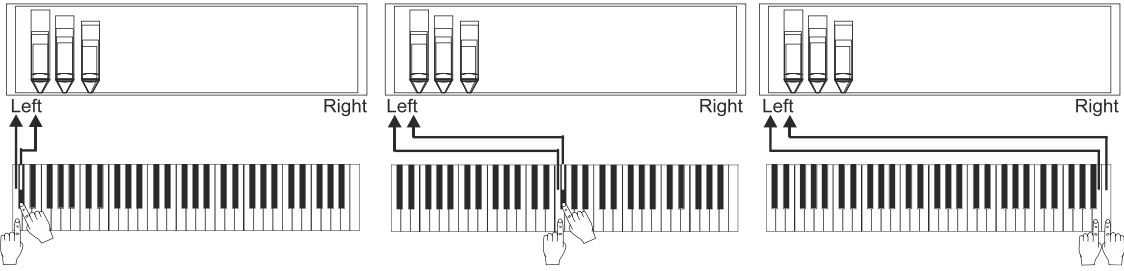
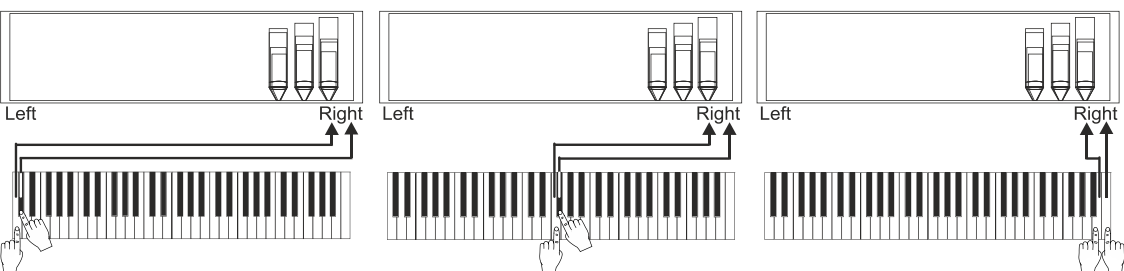
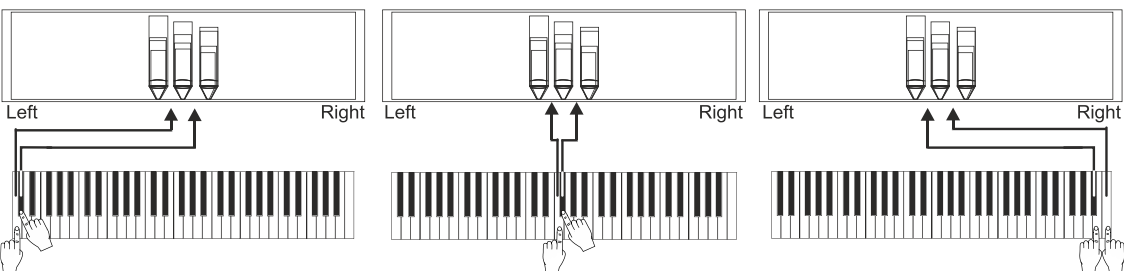
An important option to customize the sound configuration of the organ is to arrange the voices’ stereophonic reproduction (this is also called panning).

The organ is equipped with one left and one right internal audio channels. The simultaneous diffusion through both channels simulates a third, central channel.

Arranging the voices in the two channels simulates the position of the windchests of real pipe organs, since they were usually placed in different areas. It also simulates the different position of the pipes inside the windchest, which could vary according to the stop played, the period when the organ was built and the wishes of the builder. The following options are available:

Int. Chest	Description
C-C#	The notes sound alternated (one right, one left) from C (left) to C# (right). 
C#-C	The notes sound alternated (one right, one left) from C (right) to C# (left). 

Wing L (Wing Left)	The tallest, broadest pipes are installed on the left, so the lowest notes are played on the left side of the windchest. As the pitch rises the notes are played more and more to the right. 
Wing R (Wing Right)	The tallest, broadest pipes are installed on the right, so the lowest notes are played on the right side of the windchest. As the pitch rises the notes are played more and more to the left. 
Cusp	The tallest, broadest pipes are located in the centre, so the voice's lowest notes are played on the center of the windchest. As the pitch rises the signal is gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating. 
DbI Cusp (Double Cusp)	There are two separate cusps, both resembling to the single cusp described above. The lowest keys sound in an intermediate position, between the centre and the outside, alternating (one on the right cusp, one on the left cusp). As the pitch rises, rises the signal is gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating. 
DbI Wing (Double Wing)	The highest notes sound in the centre. As the pitch lowers, the notes are gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating. 

Pan L (Pan Left)	All notes play on the left channel. 
Pan R (Pan Right)	All notes play on the right channel. 
Center	All notes sound on center. 
Poly (Alternating polyphonic)	The notes are distribute among the audio channels, so as to avoid having more unison frequencies on the same speaker. This limits the electrical sum of the signal, so as to favour the “in air” melting of the sound, as in a real pipe organ. The distribution of the notes on the audio channels is not unique but depends on the register, the pitch, and the keyboard area in which the note is located.
Off	Not played with the internal amplification.

NOTE

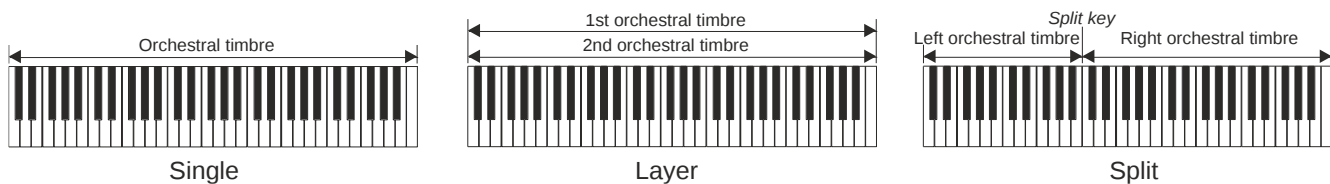
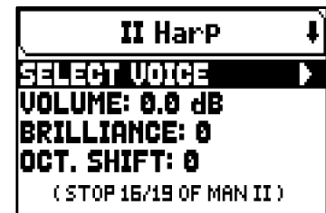
For further informations about the types of pipe windchests and how they work, see page 57.

Selecting and adjusting the orchestral voices

The same operations described in the chapter above can be performed also with orchestral voices, with a single exception: the list of alternative voices and audio parameters are the same, regardless of which register is selected at the moment. To access the VOICING menu for the orchestral voices, follow the same procedure described at the beginning of this chapter.

As you may notice in the voices list, there are three types of orchestral stops:

- **Single:** a single stop played on the whole manual / pedalboard. This kind of voice is shown with the name of the single stop.
- **Split:** two stops (named Left and Right) played in two different halves of the manual / pedalboard. The split point can be changed. This kind of voice is shown as the names of the two stops hyphenated.
- **Layer:** two stops (named 1 and 2) overlapped along the whole manual / pedalboard. This kind of voice is shown as the names of the two stops with a “+” in between.



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Volume	Stop volume. Settings: -12.0 dB to +12.0 dB
Brilliance	Sound brilliance. Settings: -8 to 8
Oct. Shift	Shift the notes played with the stop one octave higher or lower. Settings: -1 to 1
Sustain	Sets the status of the sustain pedal. This function is useful for those orchestral voices for which applying a sustain effect is unrealistic. Select NO to prevent the sustain effect from affecting the stop. Settings: Yes, No
Pan	Stereophonic distribution of the sound. Settings: -6 L (left) to 6 R (right)
Velocity	Keys velocity with which the voice is played. Settings: On (variable velocity according to the VELOCITY function setting, page 26), 1 to 127 (fixed velocity)
Split Key (splitted double voices only)	Split point key. Settings: F2 to E6
First Note	Lowest key from which playing the voice. Settings: F#1 to F7
Last Note	Highest note to which playing the voice. Settings: F#1 to F7

The sound parameters that can be modified are shown in a different manner, according to the kind of voice.

Parameters of the Single voices clearly relate to the single stop.

Parameters of the Split voices identified by “LEFT” relate to the stop active on the left of the split point, while parameters identified with an “RIGHT” relate to the stop active on the right half of the manual / pedalboard.

Parameters of the Layer voices identified with “1st” relate to the first stop of the voice (the one before the “+” symbol). Parameters identified with “2nd” relate to the second stop, after the “+” symbol.

Saving different orchestra voices and parameters in the combinations

General and divisional combinations make possible to save the voice and the settings for each Orchestra stop, so that different voices can be played for each combination (including the Tutti). For example, recalling a previously programmed combination, the pedal Orchestra voice may be an acoustic bass, with a 1-octave transposition, while using a second combination the Pedal Orchestra voice may be a cello, with no transposition, but a bit brighter than the standard setup.

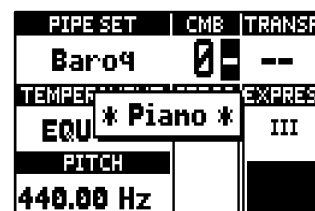
To program combinations with different Orchestra voices, first of all you have to enable the saving, setting the ORCHESTRA PARAMS IN COMBINATIONS parameters in the SETUP / COMBINATIONS menu (see page 30) as "YES".

Now, simply select the required voice and/or adjust the parameters keeping pressed for a few moments the Orchestra tab (in the position of voice ON) or thumb piston (when it is OFF) that you desire to edit, while the main video page is displayed. The video page that is displayed is the same as the one described above, with the only difference being that the [+] and [-] buttons are used to select a different sound.

After Orchestra sounds are programmed it is possible to store them in the desired combination. If you wish to set a different Orchestra sound in a different combination but associate it to the same register, enter the edit menu, select the voice, adjust the parameters as required and save all the settings in another combination.

Keep in mind that once a different orchestral sound is selected, it will be associated to that stop also when future combinations are saved, even if the stop is saved as "off".

If the orchestral sound has been changed and/or its parameters have been modified and these changes have been saved in a combination, when the combination is recalled and the register is turned on, the name of the orchestral voice is displayed between two asterisks to highlight that the stop no longer recalls the voice expected from the Pipe Set.



After an Orchestra stop has been set by recalling a combination, it is still possible to immediately restore the voice and parameters of the current Pipe Set by keeping pressed for a few moments the tab (in the position of voice OFF) or thumb piston (when it is ON), while the main video page is displayed.

NOTES

- The changes applied to the Orchestra sounds with this procedure are not applied to Orchestra voices used by the current Pipe Set and their settings. Selecting another Pipe Set or displaying the video pages of the VOICING menu, will set the Orchestra registers as prescribed by the Pipe Set and not by the combinations.
- While adjusting the VOICING parameters, in order to assign a voice to a stop and to adjust it, we advice to select the desired voice first and then to adjust its generation parameters. Please do so, as when a new voice is selected, its parameters are reset to default values.
- To save the same orchestral voice and its parameters equal to those of the Pipe Set in the combination, you must enter the edit orchestra screen at least once, otherwise the instrument will save in the combination only the On/Off status of the stop and not the desired orchestral voice and its parameters. Saving a memory without viewing the orchestra edit screen saves the On/Off status of the stops, but not the voice and the parameters which therefore will always be those of the selected Pipe Set (verifiable on the main page from the name of the voice displayed without asterisks).

KEYBOARDS SETTINGS (SETUP / KEYBOARDS menu)

The KEYBOARDS menu contains all the settings relating to the manuals and their function modes.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the SETUP field and press [MENU/ENTER],
3. place the cursor on the KEYBOARDS field and press [MENU/ENTER].

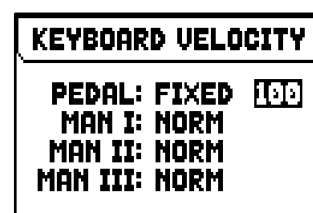


The KEYBOARDS menu contains the following settings:

Function	Description
Velocity	Settings of manuals and pedalboard keys velocity.
Trk Touch (Tracker Touch)	Simulates the typical tracker touch of mechanical organs that affects the attack time and the sound character in this phase, with four selectable degrees of sensibility. Settings: No, Simple, Light, Medium, Heavy
Inversion	Enable/disable of the Keyboards Inversion function. NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus models.</i>
1st Short Octave	Enable/disable and configuration of the Short Octave for each manual and pedalboard.
Organ Solo	Configuration of [MAN II SOLO] thumb piston operating mode. NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Uno Plus model.</i>
A.P. Mode	Selection of the [AUTO PED] thumb piston operating mode. NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus models.</i>
A.P. Last Key	Selecting the highest keyboard note to play the pedal registers with the Automatic Pedal function. Settings: C3 to G4
Split Key	Selection of the Split point for the Split function. Settings: C3 to C6 NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Uno Plus model.</i>

Setting the keyboards / pedalboard velocity (VELOCITY function)

This function sets, for each manual and pedalboard, the velocity of the notes which influences the attack time of the liturgical voices, the volume of the Orchestra voices and the velocity value of the notes transmitted through the MIDI port [OUT]. To access the adjustment screen, select the VELOCITY field in the KEYBOARDS menu.



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
[organ division]	Keyboards / pedalboards velocity. Settings: Soft-Normal-Hard (dynamic curves), Fixed (from 1 to 127) NOTES - By selecting the Fixed setting it is possible to raise the attack point at which the note begins to play, but with a consequent loss of sensitivity to the velocity impressed on the keys. - Soft, Normal and Hard curves are not available for the Pedal section.

Configuring the Keyboards Inversion function (INVERSION function)

This function allow to invert the manuals, so that the Man.I stops are played with the second manual and vice-versa.

To activate the inversion, in the KEYBOARDS menu select "ON" in the INVERSION field.

In the Cantorum Trio Plus model, the Inversion can be configured. To do this, place the cursor on the INVERSION field and press [MENU/ENTER].

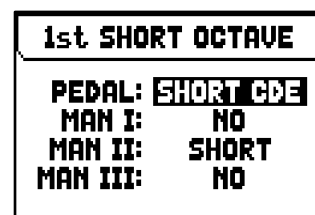
The display shows graphically the organ manuals with, next to them, the corresponding organ section when the Keyboards Inversion function is active. Using the [^] and [v] buttons it is possible to move the cursor and position it in correspondence with the manual to be associated with the section, using the [+] and [-] buttons.



Enabling the Short Octave (1st SHORT OCTAVE function)

This function makes the first octave on manuals and pedalboard short, so as to perform pieces written for ancient organs (16th to 18th century) in which the first octave was shortened.

To access the adjustment screen, select the 1st SHORT OCTAVE field in the KEYBOARDS menu.



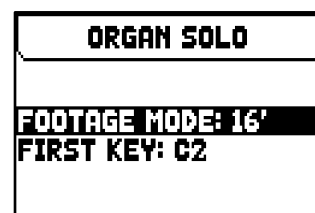
The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
[organ division] (Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus) Keyb Pedal (Cantorum Uno Plus)	Enable/disable the Short Octave. Settings: No, Short, Short CDE (Pedal only)
	SHORT SHORT CDE

Configuring the Organ Solo function (ORGAN SOLO function)

This function allows you to customize the Organ Solo function, activated by the [MAN II SOLO] thumb piston in the Cantorum Uno Plus.

To access the adjustment screen, select the ORGAN SOLO field in the KEYBOARDS menu:



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Footage Mode	Footage on the Organ Solo function. Settings: • 16': melody is automatically played one octave lower. • 8': melody is automatically played in unison. • 4': melody is automatically played one octave higher.
First Key	Lowest key from which to start playing the melody. Settings: C2 to C7

Setting the Automatic Pedal mode (A.P. MODE parameter)

It is possible to select the Automatic Pedal function operating mode, activated with the [AUTO PED] thumb piston. To do this, in the KEYBOARDS menu set the A.P. MODE field as follow:

Parameter name	Description
A.P. Mode (Automatic Pedal mode)	Automatic Pedal function operating mode. Settings: • Pd/Kb + PAP: activate the Mono Pedal function which allows you to play the Pedalboard voices on all the manuals and the Pedal Automatic Piano mode that automatically adjusts the sound composition of the pedalboard, according to the manual currently played. When doing this the pedalboard is deactivated and the stops become monophonic, with priority on the lowest note. • Ped. A.Piano: activate the Pedal Automatic Piano mode. This function automatically adjusts the sound composition of the pedalboard, according to the manual currently played. • Pd/Kb Mono: activate the Mono Pedal function which allows you to play the Pedalboard voices on all the manuals. When doing this the pedalboard is deactivated and the stops become monophonic, with priority on the lowest note. • Pd/I Mono: Pedalboard voices are played on Manual I. When doing this the pedalboard is deactivated and the stops become monophonic, with priority on the lowest note. • Pd/II Mono: Pedalboard voices are played on Manual II. When doing this the pedalboard is deactivated and the stops become monophonic, with priority on the lowest note. • Pd/III Mono: Pedalboard voices are played on Manual III. When doing this the pedalboard is deactivated and the stops become monophonic, with priority on the lowest note.

ORGAN CONTROLS SETTINGS (SETUP / CONTROLS menu)

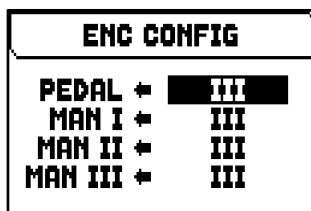
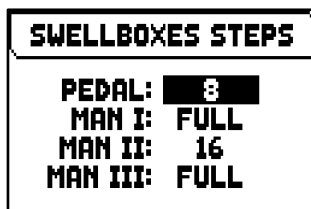
The CONTROLS menu contains all the settings relating to the controls available in the organ console.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the SETUP field and press [MENU/ENTER],
3. place the cursor on the CONTROLS field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The CONTROLS menu contains the following settings:

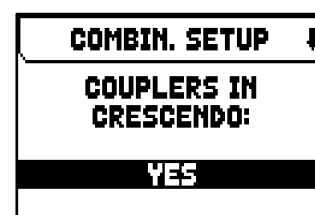
Parameter name	Description
ENC Config	Select the expression pedal that regulates the volume of each section while the [ENC] piston is on. To access the adjustment screen, press [MENU/ENTER] while ENC CONFIG field is displayed:  The organ sections can be found on the left side, while on the right the expression pedal can be selected. Settings: • Free: no control • III or II: pedal connected to the [EXPR.] connector of the rear panel. • I, II/PD or I/PD: pedal connected to the [CRESC.] connector of the rear panel when enabled with the CRESCENDO PEDAL parameter (see above).
Swellbox Steps	Number of swellbox steps for each organ division. To access the adjustment screen, press [MENU/ENTER] while SWELLBOX STEPS field is displayed:  Settings: 4, 8, 16, Full (continuous control)
Crescendo Pedal	[CRESCENDO] pedal operating mode. Settings (Cantorum Trio Plus): On, Off, I Shoe, M.II/PD Shoe Settings (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus): On, Off, M.II/PD Shoe
Link Master Volume Pot. To	Which volume is controlled by the [VOLUME] potentiometer, placed on the front panel. Settings: • Int Gen Vol: internal amplification volume only. • Int+Ext Vol: volume of both the internal amplification and of the signal of the PROG. OUT rear outputs. • Ext Vol: volume of the signal of the PROG. OUT rear outputs only. • Nothing: no control
Link Reverb Volume Pot. To	Which Reverb level is controlled by the [REVERB] potentiometer, placed on the front panel. Settings: • Int Reverb: internal Reverb level only. • Int+Ext Rev: internal and external (on the PROG. OUT rear outputs) Reverb level. • Ext Reverb: external (on the rear PROG. OUT outputs) Reverb level only. • Nothing: no control.
Orchestra Couplers	Selection if couplers affects the orchestral voices. Settings: No, Yes NOTE This function is only available for Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus models.

COMBINATIONS SETTINGS (SETUP / COMBINATIONS menu)

The COMBINATIONS menu contains all the settings relating to the combinations available in the organ.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the SETUP field and press [MENU/ENTER],
3. place the cursor on the COMBINATIONS field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The COMBINATIONS menu contains the following settings:

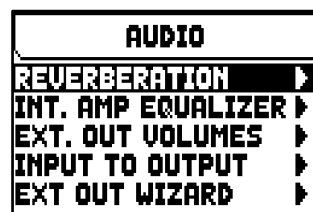
Parameter name	Description
Couplers in Crescendo	Enable/disable of storing the status of couplers in the Crescendo. Settings: Yes, No NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus models.</i>
Tremulant parameters in Combinations	Enable/disable of storing the tremulant parameters (see page 19) in the general combinations. Settings: No, Yes
ENC in Combinations	Enable/disable of storing the status of [ENC] thumb piston in the general combinations. Settings: No, Yes
ENC affected by Cancel	Enable/disable to switch off [ENC] thumb piston by [C] thumb piston. Settings: No, Yes
A.P. in Combinations	Enable/disable of storing the status of [AUTO PED] thumb piston in the general combinations. Settings: No, Yes NOTE <i>Automatic Pedal setted as PD/KB+PAP or PED.A.PIANO (see page 27) is not stored in the combinations, independently by this setting.</i>
A.P. affected by Cancel	Enable/disable to switch off [AUTO PED] thumb piston by [C] thumb piston. Settings: No, Yes
Orchestra Params in Combinations	Enable/disable of storing the configuration parameters of orchestral voices in the combinations. Settings: No, Yes NOTE <i>This setting affects the parameters that can be adjusted with the function described on page 25 and not with the settings that are stored in the Pipe Sets.</i>
TUTTI Mode	Selecting how [TUTTI] combination controls stops. Settings: • Gen. Combination: replaces its content. • Layered: adds its content.
Clear Transposer on Cancel	Enable/disable to clear the general instrument transposition by [C] or [CANC] thumb piston. Settings: No, Yes
Program and Control Change in Combinations	Selecting the transmission mode of MIDI Program Change (PC) and Control Change (CC) messages by recalling the combinations. Settings: • Programmable: PC and CC messages are only transmitted if stored in combinations using the PRG IN COMBIN. function (page 35). • Fixed: PC and CC messages are always transmitted at each combination recall, based on a preset setting of MIDI message – combination number/type. A complete list of transmitted messages can be found on pages 60 and 61. NOTES - The two transmission modes are alternative, so it is possible to transmit either only the stored PC and CC messages (Programmable mode) or only those based on the preset setting (Fixed mode). - When using Programmable mode, keep in mind that each time a combination is to be stored, the desired PC and CC messages must be selected in the PRG IN COMBIN function before storing them.

AUDIO SETTINGS (SETUP / AUDIO menu)

The AUDIO menu contains all the audio settings of the organ.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the SETUP field and press [MENU/ENTER],
3. place the cursor on the AUDIO field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The AUDIO menu contains the following settings:

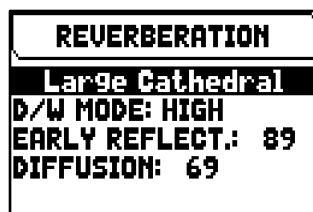
Function	Description
Reverberation	Settings relating the reverb internal effect.
Int. Amp Equalizer (Internal Amplification Equalizer)	Settings relating the 5-band equalizer of the internal amplifier.
Ext. Out Volumes (External Out Volumes)	Volumes of the each PROG. OUT output of the rear panel.
Input To Output	Routing of the input signals present in the INPUT of the rear panel to the PROG. OUT outputs of the rear panel.
Ext Out Wizard	Quick setting of the PROG. OUT outputs signals routing.

Adjusting the internal Reverb effect (REVERBERATION function)

Reverberation is the result of a series of sound reflections in a closed environment. Order and value of each reflection depend on many factors of the environment, such as the size of the room, the number and material of the objects inside the room, the listener's position and so on.

The digital processors of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus organ can recreate artificially the complex factors affecting the reverberation of a real pipe organ, generating the right reverberation to complete an already excellent sound quality. The REVERBERATION function allows to adjust several parameters of the reverb effect.

To access the adjustment screen, select the REVERBERATION field in the AUDIO menu.



The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
[reverb style] ("Large Cathedral" in the screen shown above)	The simulated environment, and thus the reverberation effect generated. Settings: Large Cathedral, Medium Cathedral, Large Chapel, Medium Church, Modern Church, Cantoria, Conservatory, Trio Sonate.
D/W Mode (Dry/Wet Mode)	Dry (sound without reverb) and Wet (reverberated sound) signals control mode by the [REVERB] potentiometer. Settings: • Off: the [REVERB] potentiometer only modifies the amount of Wet signal. • Low, High, Full: the [REVERB] potentiometer controls, on three scales, the balance between the Wet signal and the Dry signal, and the quantity and quality of acoustic reflections of the environment, simulating an ever deeper and mellow effect.
Early Reflect. (Early Reflections)	Level of the reverb early reflections. Settings: 0 to 100
Diffusion	Diffusion of the reverb in the environment. Settings: 0 to 100

Setting the internal amp equalizer (INT. AMP EQUALIZER function)

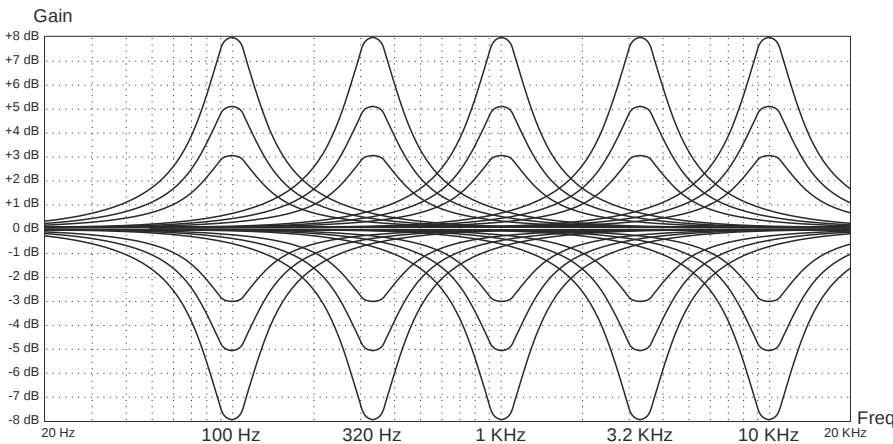
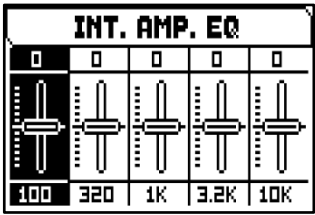
The INTERNAL AMPLIFICATION EQUALIZER function adjusts the five-band equalizer of the internal amplification and therefore the sound from the speakers of the organ (not that from the external speakers, which can be adjusted by dedicated equalizers for each PROG. OUT output, available in the “Physis Plus The Editor” application).

To access the adjustment screen, select the INT. AMP EQUALIZER field in the AUDIO menu.

In the lower part of the screen there are the five central band frequencies of the band-pass filters. To move the cursor from one band to the other, use the buttons [^] and [v].

The top of the screen shows the increase or decrease of the signal of the selected band. Each band can be modified from +8 dB (maximum signal gain) to -8 dB (maximum signal dampening). To regulate this use [+] and [-] buttons.

The following graph shows how the equalizer works.



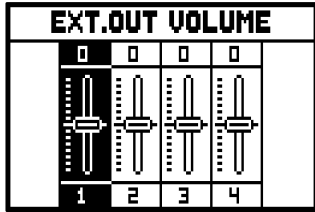
Regulating the volume of the PROG. OUT outputs (EXT. OUT VOLUMES function)

The external sound configuration can be customized further by regulating the volume of each PROG. OUT rear outputs.

To access the adjustment screen, select the EXT. OUT VOLUMES field in the AUDIO menu.

In the lower part of the screen there are the number of the output. To move the cursor from one output to the other, use the buttons [^] and [v].

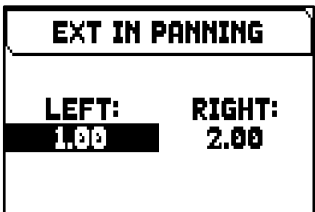
The top of the screen shows the signal level of the selected output. Each volume can be modified from -18 dB to +18 dB. To regulate this use [+] and [-] buttons.



Routing of the audio input to the PROG. OUT outputs (INPUT TO OUTPUT function)

This function allows to set the routing of the input signals present in the INPUT connector to the PROG. OUT outputs of the rear panel.

To access the adjustment screen, select the INPUT TO OUTPUT field in the AUDIO menu.



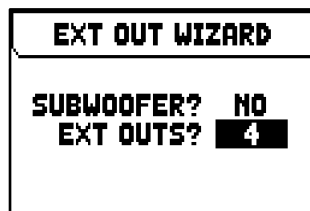
The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Left	PROG. OUT output where the left input signal is routed. Settings: [output number]
Right	PROG. OUT output where the right input signal is routed. Settings: [output number]

Quick configuration of the PROG. OUT outputs (EXT OUT WIZARD function)

This function allows you to quickly set the distribution of the organ signals on the PROG. OUT outputs of the rear panel, choosing how many outputs you want to use and which signals are present on each pair of those used. To access the adjustment screen, select the EXT OUT WIZARD field in the AUDIO menu, then follow the procedure described below:

1. In the SUBWOOFER? field select YES if you want output [1] to be automatically set for use with a subwoofer speaker. In this case it will be possible to take only the general organ signal from the remaining outputs. Select NO if you are not using a subwoofer speaker.
2. If you selected YES in step 1, go directly to step 3. If you selected NO, press the [MENU/ENTER] or [✓] button to display the EXT OUTS? field. In this field you can choose how many PROG. OUT outputs in which you want the organ section signals to be present.
3. Press the [MENU/ENTER] or [✓] button. The list of how the PROG. OUT outputs will be automatically configured is now displayed showing the signals present on each output. Use the [▲] and [▼] buttons to scroll through all the fields. The configuration proposed by the system cannot be modified.
4. Place the cursor on the ENTER TO CONFIRM field and press the [MENU/ENTER] button to confirm the new configuration, being careful to the fact that the current configuration will be irremediably lost. Press [EXIT] to quit the operation and return to the AUDIO menu.
5. When the message “SETTING WHOLE EXTERNAL OUTS CONFIGURATION, ARE YOU SURE?” appears. press the [MENU/ENTER] button to store the new configuration or [EXIT] to quit the operation and return to the AUDIO menu.



Based on the options selected, the outputs are configured as shown in the following table:

Cantorum Trio Plus

SUBW.	EXT. OUT	PROG. OUT 1-2	PROG. OUT 3-4
NO	2	GENERAL L/R	X
YES	2	1: SUBW 2: GENERAL L+R	GENERAL L/R
NO	4	PED/MAN.II	MAN.III – MAN.I
YES	4	1: SUBW 2: GENERAL L+R	GENERAL L/R

Cantorum Duo and Uno Plus

SUBW.	EXT. OUT	PROG. OUT 1-2	PROG. OUT 3-4
NO	2	GENERAL L/R	X
YES	2	1: SUBW 2: GENERAL L+R	GENERAL L/R
NO	4	PED/MAN.I	MAN.II
YES	4	1: SUBW 2: GENERAL L+R	GENERAL L/R

NOTE

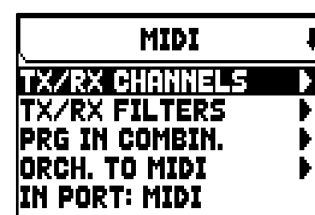
To avoid losing the output configuration present before executing the EXT OUT WIZARD function, we recommend making a backup of the organ configuration on a USB flash drive using the SAVE SNAPSHOT function (page 38).

MIDI SETTINGS (MIDI menu)

The MIDI menu contains all the settings of the organ's MIDI interface.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the MIDI (2nd page) field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The MIDI menu contains the following settings:

Function	Description
TX/RX Channels	Selection of input and output MIDI A and B channels for each organ section.
TX/RX Filters	Enable/disable of input and output MIDI filters.
PRG in Combin. (Program Change in Combinations)	Store of Program Change and Bank Select MIDI messages in combinations.
Orch. To MIDI (Orchestra to MIDI)	Convert one or more Orchestra drawknob / tab / thumb piston to MIDI control to enable / disable the transmission of MIDI note codes for each manual and for the pedalboard.
In Port	Selection of the connector with which to receive MIDI data. Settings: • MIDI: MIDI [OUT] 5-pins connector. • USB Dev.: USB [TO HOST] connector.
Out	Selection of the connector with which to transmit MIDI data. Settings: • MIDI: MIDI [IN] 5-pins connector. • USB Dev.: USB [TO HOST] connector. • Both Ports: both MIDI [IN] and USB [TO HOST] connectors.
Thru	Enabling and selecting the retransmission port for the Soft Thru function through which to retransmit MIDI messages received from the connector selected with the IN PORT parameter (see above). Settings: • Off: Soft Thru function disabled. • MIDI: MIDI [OUT] 5-pins connector. • USB Dev.: USB [TO HOST] connector. • Both Ports: both MIDI [OUT] and USB [TO HOST] connectors.
Coupled  Out	Enable/disable the transmission of note or system exclusive MIDI messages generated by couplers. Settings: • No: system exclusive messages are transmitted but not the notes on the MIDI channel of the coupled section. • Yes: note messages on the MIDI channel of the coupled section are transmitted but not system exclusive messages. NOTE <i>This function is only available for Cantorum Trio and Duo Plus models.</i>

NOTE

For further informations about the MIDI interface of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus, see page 58.

Selecting the input and output channels (TX/RX CHANNELS function)

The organ can send out MIDI messages on a single channel, or through two channels simultaneously. It can only receive on one channel.

To set the MIDI channels, select the TX/RX CHANNELS field in the MIDI menu.

SECTION	Tx A/B	Rx
PEDAL	4 / -	4
MAN I	3 / -	3
MAN II	2 / -	2
MAN III	1 / -	1

The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name (displayed at the top of the column)	Description
Section	Organ division for which to set MIDI channels. Settings: [organ division]
Tx A/B	Transmission (output) A and B MIDI channels. Settings: - (no transmission), 1 to 15
Rx	Receiving (input) MIDI channel. Settings: - (no reception), 1 to 15

Setting the input and output filters (MIDI FILTERS function)

A MIDI filter allows to block a particular message on all MIDI channels (if the signal is channelled). The CC transmission filter, for example, blocks Control Change MIDI messages in the MIDI [OUT] port, on all MIDI channels of the organ. In the same way, the PG receiving filter blocks Program Change on all channels (therefore they are not executed to recalling combinations, Tutti, Crescendo) received from the MIDI [IN] port. To set the MIDI filters, select the TX/RX FILTERS field in the MIDI menu.

MESSAGE	Tx	Rx
CC	NO	NO
PG	NO	NO
SysEx	NO	NO
RealTime	YES	YES

The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name (displayed at the top of the column)	Description
Message	MIDI messages to filter. Settings: • CC: Control Change • PG: Program Change • SysEx: System Exclusive • RealTime: Real Time
Tx	Enable/disable transmission (output) filter. Settings: No, Yes
Rx	Enable/disable receiving (input) filter. Settings: No, Yes

Saving Program Change messages in the combinations (PRG IN COMBIN. function)

Program Change MIDI messages can recall, in a connected unit, a particular sound or program (patch). Thanks to this function you may select a desired voice from external module (such as an expander) connected to the MIDI [OUT] port.

You can also transmit Bank Select messages MSB (CC n. 0) and LSB (CC n.20) to select program banks from an external source.

Please note that the MIDI messages of this screen are immediately sent to the corresponding section, and also saved in the general and divisional combination and Tutti. To do so, select the Program Change and Bank Select and fix the desired memory. This process might prove useful when, using an external expander, you wish to combine a voice from this unit with other stops.

To select these MIDI messages, select the PRG IN COMBIN. field in the MIDI menu.

MIDI A	PG	MSB	LSB
PEDAL	---	0	0
MAN I	8	0	0
MAN II	---	0	0
MAN III	31	4	1

The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name (displayed at the top of the column)	Description
[MIDI channel] ("MIDI A" in the screen shown above)	MIDI channel A or B of each organ division to transmit on. Settings: MIDI A, MIDI B
PG	Program Change to transmit. Settings: - - - (no transmission), 1 to 128 NOTE <i>Selecting "- - -", Bank Select MSB and LSB messages are not transmitted.</i>
MSB	Bank Select MSB to transmit. Settings: 0 to 127
LSB	Bank Select LSB to transmit. Settings: 0 to 127

Converting Orchestra registers to MIDI controls (ORCH. TO MIDI function)

This function allows you to set one or more Orchestra tab / thumb piston (depending on the type of control present in the instrument) so that they operate as MIDI controls to enable / disable the transmission of MIDI note codes for each manual and for the pedalboard.

To access the adjustment screen, select the ORCH. TO MIDI field in the MIDI menu.

On the left are the MIDI channels A and B (see also page 35) of each section that can be controlled with the Orchestra control tab / thumb piston selected on the right. Selecting **NONE** will keep the control functioning as an Orchestra register.

ORCH. TO MIDI ↓	
PEDAL (A):	NONE
PEDAL (B):	NONE
I (A):	Piano
I (B):	NONE
II (A):	Chimes

NOTE

An Orchestra tab / thumb piston set as a MIDI control no longer recalls the Orchestral timbre assigned to it.

BACKUP, RESTORE and FACTORY RESET of ORGAN CONFIGURATION (BACKUP/RESTORE menu)

The BACKUP/RESTORE menu contains functions to backup (save as .ALL file) the entire organ configurations (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) in a USB flash drive, reload it (or parts of it) into the internal memory and reset to the factory-set state of the entire organ settings. Created backup files are also called "Snapshot".

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the BACKUP/RESTORE (2nd page) field and press [MENU/ENTER].



The BACKUP/RESTORE menu contains the following settings:

Function	Description
Save Snapshot	Save of the entire organ configuration (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) in a USB flash drive.
Load Snapshot	Load the entire organ configuration or single sections (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) from a USB flash drive.
Factory Reset	Restore of the entire organ configuration (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) to the factory-set state.
Restore Def.Setting	Restore the instruments settings to the factory-set state.

NOTES

- Once the USB flash drive is inserted please wait some seconds before displaying the BACKUP/RESTORE menu. If the instrument still does not detect the drive, showing "WARNING: NO USB MEM" on the bottom of the screen, press [EXIT] to leave the menu and then try again.
- When connecting a new or just formatted USB flash drive to the organ, the system will automatically create two directories in the drive: "v_settings" and "v_songs". The system needs these two folders to arrange files, and they must not be deleted or renamed, otherwise the saved files will be lost. The system will save the organ configuration as .ALL file in the "v_settings" directory.
- Always use USB flash drive formatted with FAT or FAT32 file system (no NTFS).

What a Snapshot contains

Below is the complete list of what a Snapshot contains:

Section	Parameter	Display page	Explanation page
Pipe Sets	All the parameters contained in all the Pipe Sets available in the instrument.		12
Pipe Sets	Stop list.	Available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application	
Combinations	All the combinations of the instrument.		15
Combinations	Combinations parameters	SETUP / COMBINATIONS	30
Settings	External Reverb	LEVELS	17
Settings	A.P. Mode	SETUP / KEYBOARDS	26
Settings	ENC Config	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Settings	Swellboxes Steps	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Settings	Orchestra Couplers	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Settings	Audio parameters (except Reverberation parameters)	SETUP / AUDIO	31
Settings	MIDI parameters	SETUP / MIDI	34
Settings	Auto Mainpage	UTILITY	40
Entire Snapshot	External Volume	LEVELS	17
Entire Snapshot	Link Master Volume Pot. To	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Entire Snapshot	Link Reverb Volume Pot. To	SETUP / CONTROLS	29
Entire Snapshot	LCD Contrast	UTILITY	40
Settings	External and Internal Windchest of each voice	Available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application	
Settings	External outputs parameters	Available in the "Physis Plus The Editor" application	

Save the organ configuration in a USB flash drive (SAVE SNAPSHOT function)

To save the entire organ configuration (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) in a USB flash drive as a .ALL file, follow this procedure:

1. insert a USB flash drive in the USB [TO DEVICE] connector on the rear panel,
2. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
3. select the BACKUP/RESTORE field,
4. select the SAVE SNAPSHOT field,
5. assign a name to the file that will be saved in the USB flash drive. The system proposes a name as "SNAP" and the date actually setted in the organ (see page 40), to modify it use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character.
6. press [MENU/ENTER] to save (or [EXIT] to quit) and wait the "FILE SAVED" message. A .ALL file will be saved in the "v_settings" folder of the USB flash drive.



Load an organ configuration from a USB flash drive (LOAD SNAPSHOT function)

To load an entire organ configuration or single sections (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) from a USB flash drive saved as a .ALL file using the SAVE SNAPSHOT function (see above), follow this procedure:

1. insert the USB flash drive with the .ALL file(s) in the USB [TO DEVICE] connector on the rear panel,
2. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
3. select the BACKUP/RESTORE field,
4. select the LOAD SNAPSHOT field,
5. select the .ALL file of the organ configuration you want to load and press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
6. select what you want to load of the .ALL file into the organ:
 - **Entire Snapshot:** the entire organ configuration
 - **Only Combinations:** all the combinations
 - **Only Pipe Sets:** all the Pipe Sets
 - **Only Settings:** all the organ settings

Refer to the table above in "What a Snapshot contains" to know in detail what a Snapshot section contains.

7. press [MENU/ENTER] button to confirm the load and wait the reboot of the organ (if ENTIRE SNAPSHOT, ONLY COMBINATIONS or ONLY PIPESETS option was selected) or the "SNAPSHOT RESTORED" message, or [EXIT] to quit.



NOTES

- Please pay very close attention when loading a Snapshot, because the actual configuration of your organ will be irreparably lost. To avoid this, before load a .ALL file, save the actual organ configuration in USB flash drive using the SAVE SNAPSHOT function and, if necessary, reload it using the LOAD SNAPSHOT function (see above).
- Loading a .ALL file (using the Entire Snapshot or Only Pipesets options) containing a different stop list, the display will show the message "DIFFERENT STOP LIST FOUND. REPLEACE PIPESETS ANYWAY?", remembering you that one or more stop label will not match with the played voice (and so possibly you will have to move the labels). Press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the load or [EXIT] to quit.
- It is not possible to load a .ALL file created with a different organ model. In this case the display will show the message "DIFFERENT ORGAN MODEL LOAD ABORTED".
- If you wish to rename .ALL files saved to the USB stick using a computer, always make sure that the names can be a maximum of 12 characters and cannot contain special characters such as "\$", "@", "#", etc. The "_" will be automatically converted as a space.

Restore the factory organ configuration (FACTORY RESET function)

To restore the **entire** organ configuration (Pipe Sets, combinations, settings) to the factory conditions, follow this procedure:

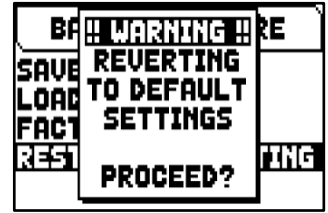
1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the BACKUP/RESTORE field,
3. select the FACTORY RESET field,
4. at the message "RESTORING TO FACTORY STATUS, PROCEED?" press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm or [EXIT] to abort.



Restore the default settings (RESTORE DEF. SETTING function)

It is possible to restore only the Settings of the organ configuration to the factory conditions (refer to the table in “What a Snapshot contains” to know in detail what contains the Settings section). To do so, follow this procedure:

1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the BACKUP/RESTORE field,
3. select the RESTORE DEF. SETTING field,
4. at the messages “REVERTING TO DEFAULT, PROCEED?” and “RESTORING STOP LIST, PIPE SETS, COMBINATIONS AND SETTINGS, ARE YOU SURE?” press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm or [EXIT] to abort.

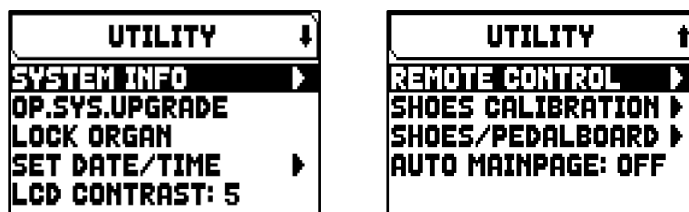


UTILITIES FUNCTIONS (UTILITY menu)

The UTILITY menu contains general functions like informations concerning the organ model, update of the operating system, lock of some functionality of the organ, expression pedals calibration and others.

To access to this menu, in the main video page,

1. press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. place the cursor on the UTILITY (2nd page) field and press [MENU/ENTER],



The UTILITY menu contains the following settings:

Function	Description
System Info	Displays the organ model, the version of the firmware installed in the instrument.
Op.Sys Upgrade	Upgrade of the instrument's operating system.
Lock Organ	Set a code to lock out the modifying / saving of instrument settings, combinations and song recording.
Set Date/Time	Internal date and time setting.
LCD Contrast	Display contrast adjustment. Settings: 0 to 15
Shoes Calibration	Expression and Crescendo pedals calibration.
Shoes / Pedalboard	Operating mode of Expression and Crescendo pedals and MIDI pedalboard.
Auto Mainpage	Automatic return to the main video page if no display functions are used for 10 seconds. Settings: Off, On

Upgrading the operating system (OP. SYS. UPGRADE function)

Each time an update file is released it will be made available on the website <http://www.viscountinstruments.com>. Update files are named upgrade-X.X.X.PHX, where X.X.X stands for the update version.

To check the currently running operating system version, access the SYSTEM INFO page.

To update the operating system, follow this procedure:

1. after the .ZIP file has been downloaded, extract the .PHX file and copy it to the main folder (root) of a USB flash drive,
2. insert the USB flash drive with the .PHX file in the USB [TO DEVICE] connector on the rear panel,
3. in this phase the system checks the upgrade installation files in your flash drive, so please wait some seconds,
4. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
5. select the UTILITY field,
6. select the OP.SYS.UPGRADE field,
7. now a pop-up (similar the one illustrated on the right) shows you the operating system version found on the USB flash drive and the one installed in the instrument. If you are sure about the new version, press [MENU/ENTER] to proceed with the upgrade or [EXIT] to abort.
8. If the version on your flash drive is same or older than the one already installed in your organ, the system will inform you with a message "OS.SYS REPLACE WITH SAME OR OLDER VERSION, ARE YOU SURE?". Also in this case, press [MENU/ENTER] to proceed with the upgrade or [EXIT] to abort.
9. Once the update is confirmed, the display will show the messages concerning the phases of the update. When the update is complete the display shows the message "UPGRADE DONE. PLEASE SWITCH OFF THE ORGAN" or "PLEASE SWITCH OFF THE ORGAN, THEN SWITCH ON AGAIN, LEAVING THE USB PEN INSERTED".
10. Switch off and on the instrument.



IMPORTANT NOTES!

- Once the USB flash drive is inserted please wait some seconds before starting the upgrade. If the instrument still does not detect the drive, showing "USB PEN NOT FOUND" message, press [EXIT] to leave the upgrade and then try again. For the same reason, the system may not have completed checking the .PHX file yet. Again press [EXIT] to leave the upgrade and then try again.
- Pay attention when copying the .PHX file in your USB flash drive. The file must always be placed in the main directory of the drive and not inside any other folder (the address of the main directory usually appears as D:\ or F:\, not D:\Peter or F:\v_songs; "Peter" and "v_songs" are subfolders and .PHX file should not be saved inside these). If the file is not placed correctly, the instrument will not recognize it and will not be able to install the update.
- Pay attention to save the .PHX file in your USB flash drive, and not the .ZIP file. Furthermore, in the main directory of the USB drive there shouldn't be any other .PHX files.
- Do NOT switch off the instrument or disconnect the USB drive while updating the system.
- Always use USB flash drive formatted with FAT or FAT32 file system (no NTFS).
- It is strongly recommended to use USB flash drives containing only one partition. If USB flash contains two or more partitions (even if hidden), copy the update file to the first partition. By copying the update file to other partitions, this is not detected by the instrument, displaying the error message "UPDATE FILE NOT DETECTED".
- The first time the organ is switched on after an update, the instrument will take longer than usual to start working, also sound modules could be updated, by displaying this phase, due to the necessary reconfiguration of the system.

Controlling the access to the organ settings (LOCK ORGAN function)

When necessary, organ settings can be locked, so that only authorized users can access them. The LOCK ORGAN function is designed just for this purpose. When active, combinations, Tutti, Crescendo steps, and/or organ settings, cannot be modified. The Record function of the sequencer can also be locked, so that recorded songs cannot be edited.

To recall this function, follow this procedure:

1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the UTILITY field,
3. select the LOCK ORGAN field,
4. select which sections will be locked:
 - **Cmb Banks:**
 - locking the modification of all the combinations of the first memory bank (selecting **1st**) or of all the banks (selecting **Yes**), Tutti, and Crescendo.
 - locking of Import of combinations file.
 - locking of combinations settings and loading of combinations from a Snapshot.
 - **User Paramars:**
 - locking of Copy/Rename/Restore Default/Import/Export of Pipe Sets
 - locking of Voicing
 - locking of Keyboards settings (except Keyboards Inversion)
 - locking of Controls settings (except ENC Config and Master/Reverb Volume pot. Link)
 - locking of Audio settings (except Reverb Dry/Wet Mode)
 - locking of MIDI settings (except setting of Program Change in Combinations and Orch. To MIDI)
 - locking of Load Snapshots (except Only Combinations)
 - locking of Factory Reset and Restore Default Settings
 - locking of Utility functions (except LCD Contrast).
 - **Seq Record:** locks the sequencer's Record function.
 - **Entire Organ:** locking of entire organ settings.
 - **Entire Organ Except Cmb:** locking of entire organ settings except modification of all the combinations.
5. press [MENU/ENTER] to set a password. Use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] and [-] to select the character.
6. press [MENU/ENTER] to save the code or [EXIT] to abort.

LOCK ORGAN	
CMB BANKS:	NO
USER PARAMS:	NO
SEQ RECORD:	NO
ENTIRE ORGAN:	NO

LOCK ORGAN	
ENTER PASSWORD:	

To unlock the organ, select the UNLOCK ORGAN field in the UTILITY menu and set the right password using the buttons described above. If the password is correct, the message "ORGAN UNLOCKED" will be displayed.

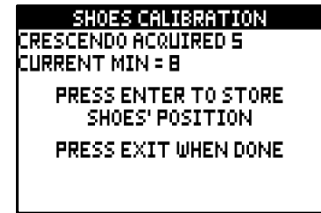
Pedals calibration (SHOES CALIBRATION function)

When connecting pedals to PEDALS [EXPR.] and [CRESC.] it might be useful to perform a calibration.

To recall the calibration function, follow this procedure:

1. in the main video page press the [MENU/ENTER] button,
2. select the UTILITY field,
3. select the SHOES CALIBRATION field,
4. in the calibration screen the following fields are displayed:
 - **[pedal name] Acquired:** name and value of the pedal currently under calibration.
 - **Current Max:** maximum value stored in memory.
 - **Current Min:** minimum value stored in memory.

CURRENT MIN and CURRENT MAX will be shown only when the pedal is, respectively, either at minimum or maximum position.
5. set the pedal into maximum or minimum position and press [MENU/ENTER],
6. place the pedal in the opposite position (from maximum to minimum or vice versa) and press [MENU/ENTER].
7. Perform this operation on all connected pedals. When the operation is complete, press [EXIT] to store the calibration.



NOTE

The system stores the MIN and MAX values slightly higher and lower than those actually read. This is done to ensure that the minimum and maximum position is always reached.

Operating mode of the Expression and Crescendo pedals and the MIDI pedalboard (SHOES / PEDALBOARD function)

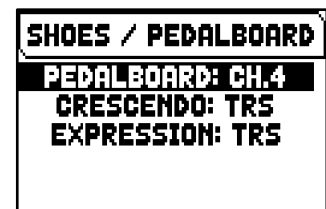
For a correct operation of a MIDI pedalboard connected to the MIDI [IN] port, it is necessary to inform the instrument about the MIDI channel in which the notes for the Pedal section are received. In this condition the received notes are transposed according to the setting of the TRANSPOSER parameter of the TUNING screen (page 18), they are not played if the Automatic Pedal is active, the velocity is recalculated according to the setting selected in the KEYBOARD VELOCITY screen (page 26), and the notes are forwarded on the MIDI [OUT] port if you want to send to an external MIDI device.

In addition to this, the instrument allows you to control the Expression and Crescendo using volume-type pedals connected to the rear panel PEDALS [EXPR.] and [CRESC.] connectors or by receiving the MIDI message Control Change n.11 (Expression), transmitted from an external unit, such as an expression pedal of a MIDI pedalboard. On this screen, you can set the type of pedals you are using or on which MIDI channel the CC11 is received on.

To set these functions, select the SHOES / PEDALBOARD field in the UTILITY menu.

The settings which can be made are:

Parameter name	Description
Pedalboard	MIDI channel in which to receive notes from a MIDI pedalboard. Settings: Off (MIDI pedalboard not connected), Ch.1 to Ch.15 (MIDI channel)
Crescendo	Type of foot controller connected to PEDAL [CRESC.] connector or MIDI channel in which to receive CC11 to control the Crescendo. Settings: • Off: pedal not connected • RTS: pedal with RTS connector, such as Yamaha FC7. • TRS: pedal with TRS connector, such as Viscount Volume Pedal or Fatar VP/25. • Ch.1 to Ch.15: MIDI channel
Expression	Type of foot controller connected to PEDAL [EXPR.] connector or MIDI channel in which to receive CC11 to control the Expression of the organ. Settings: • Off: pedal not connected • RTS: pedal with RTS connector, such as Yamaha FC7. • TRS: pedal with TRS connector, such as Viscount Volume Pedal or Fatar VP/25. • Ch.1 to Ch.15: MIDI channel



Press [EXIT] to confirm the settings. The display will now show the SHOES CALIBRATION screen (described above) to calibrate the pedals if you are using those connected to the PEDALS jack connector.

TIPS FOR USE WITH VISCOUNT MIDI PEDAL BOARDS

For correct use of Viscount MIDI pedalboards with Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus, we recommend setting the parameters of the SHOES / PEDALBOARD function as shown in the following table:

Parameter	27N MIDI pedalboard 30N MIDI pedalboard 32N MIDI pedalboard	18N pedalboard 25N pedalboard
Pedalboard	CH.4	CH.3
Crescendo	control using right pedal: CH.1 control using left pedal: CH.2	RTS
Expression	control using right pedal: CH.1 control using left pedal: CH.2	RTS

Also be careful to the following:

- The Viscount 27N MIDI, 30N MIDI and 32N MIDI pedalboards are those for specific use with classic organs.
- The Viscount 18 and 25 pedalboards are those normally used with Legend organ series.
- Using a Viscount 27N MIDI, 30N MIDI or 32N MIDI pedalboard, the parameter values shown in the table are to be used with the default pedalboard settings.
- Using a Viscount 27N MIDI, 30N MIDI or 32N MIDI pedalboard, the cables with jack connector coming from the expression pedals of the pedalboard must be connected to the pedalboard's [EXPR. 1] and [EXPR. 2] connectors and not to the [CRESC.] and [EXPR.] connectors of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus. Furthermore, usually in [EXPR. 1] the left pedal must be connected, in [EXPR. 2] the right. In case of reversed connection, also reverse the settings of the CRESCENDO and EXPRESSION parameters of the SHOES / PEDALBOARD function.
- Using a Viscount 27N MIDI, 30N MIDI or 32N MIDI pedalboard, press [EXIT] in the calibration screen displayed after setting the parameters of the SHOES / PEDALBOARD function, as it is not necessary.
- Using a Viscount 18N or 25N pedalboard, the cable with EXPRESSION jack connector coming from the pedalboard's expression pedal must be connected to the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus [CRESC.] connector for Crescendo control or [EXPR.] for expression control. It is also possible to connect the ROTARY cable to the [SUSTAIN] connector of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus to control the Sustain effect of the orchestral voices.
- Please note that if the channel set in the RX parameter of the TX/RX CHANNELS function (page 35) is the same as the one set in the PEDALBOARD parameter of the SHOES & PEDALBOARD function, the notes received on that channel are transposed based on the setting of the TRANSPOSER parameter in the TUNING menu (page 18), are not played if the Automatic Pedal function is active, the velocity is recalculated based on the setting made in the KEYBOARD VELOCITY function (page 26), and are retransmitted from the MIDI [OUT] and/or USB [TO HOST] port (page 34) even if the notes are not transmitted by a MIDI pedalboard.

PLAYING AND RECORDING OF MUSICAL SEQUENCES (SEQUENCER)

The Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus is equipped with an internal sequencer (digital recorder) capable of recording performances on the instrument, the commands and controls used and MIDI data received through the MIDI [IN] port. Recordings can then be saved on the USB stick or in the internal memory as MIDI files (Standard MIDI file, format 1, 125 beats per minute, 384 ticks per quarter note) and played back at any time. Song lists can also be played. To recall the sequencer press the [SONG] button under the display.



The SEQUENCER menu contains the following functions:

Mode	Description
Play	Playing back of the songs or song lists saved in the internal memory or the USB flash drive.
Record	Recording performances.
Song List	Programming lists of songs.
Play Options	Options for playing back songs.
Delete	Deleting songs or songs lists.
Copy	Copying songs or songs lists from/to internal memory and USB flash drive.
NOTE <i>This function is available only when a USB flash drive is inserted.</i>	

The memory unit currently used appears in the bottom of the screen. Remember that the USB stick has priority over the internal memory; to use the latter, first remove the USB stick.

NOTES

- Once the USB flash drive is inserted please wait some seconds before recalling the sequencer. In case of failed recognition, press [EXIT] to leave the sequencer, then re-enter.
- If using a USB flash drive, remember to format it with FAT or FAT32 (no NTFS) file system.
- If using a USB flash drive, the system will use and save the recordings as .MID file in the "v_songs" directory. Please pay attention not to delete or rename this folder to avoid losing or making unusable the recordings.
- Transposition set in the TUNING menu does not have any effect on playback of songs (unlike recording, where the notes are acquired transposed). To do this you have to set the transposer described at page 48.

Playing back a song or a song list (PLAY mode)

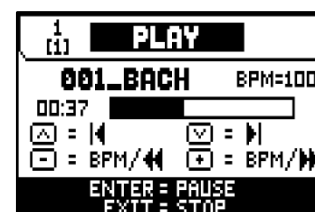
In the sequencer menu described above, select the PLAY field. The display shows the .MID file (single song) or .LST file (song list) stored in the memory unit currently in use. Now select the file you wish to play back. The new screen provides information about all the controls necessary for use of the sequencer:

- [MENU/ENTER]: starts playback of the song.
- [EXIT]: quits the sequencer.
- [^]: selects the previous song saved in the memory or from a song list.
- [v]: selects the next song saved in the memory or from a song list.
- [-] (press once): slow down play speed. It can be seen on top left as percentage (BPM=100 in the picture on the right).
- [+] (press once): increase play speed. It can be seen on top left as percentage (BPM=100 in the picture on the right).
- [-] (press and hold): rewind.
- [+] (press and hold): fast forward.

Once the playback of a song has been started, the display changes, the functions of the [MENU/ENTER] and [EXIT] buttons have changed to:

- [MENU/ENTER]: pause /restart playback of the piece.
- [EXIT]: stop playback of the piece.

[^], [v], [-], [+] keep the functions already described.



Using recorded and/or modified songs with dedicated software

MIDI files recorded by the internal sequencer can be modified with the most common MIDI editing softwares. This might prove useful to correct errors of the recording or to generally improve the track. However, we strongly advice inexperienced users not to do so. When modifying a MIDI file, please follow these rules:

- Do not modify the tracks channel. If it necessary, respect the internal sequencer channelling. The sections are channelled as follows:
 - Pedal: 1
 - Man.I (Cantorum Trio Plus only): 4
 - Man.II (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Man.I (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus): 2
 - Man.III (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Man.II (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus): 3
 - Man.IV (not used in Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus): 5
- The internal sequencer also assigns a name to the track while recording, that corresponds to the sections playing a track. Most computer software can read the track names:
 - “Pedal” track: Pedalboard notes
 - “Choir” track: Man.I (Cantorum Trio Plus only) notes
 - “Great” track: Man.II (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Man.I (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus) notes
 - “Swell” track: Man.II (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Man.II (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus) notes
 - “Solo” track: Man.IV (not used in Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus) notes
 - “Volumes” track: divisional volumes and expression pedals
 - “Stops” track: stops conditions

There are other tracks for internal use and future developments only, that should not be altered.

- Divisional volumes are recorded as Control Change 7 events. Expression pedals position as Control Change 11. These Control Change channel are identical to the previous ones.
- The stops settings, together with cancel, enclosed, coupling settings etc. are recorded as System Exclusive messages. We advice you not to alter these codes. If you wish to add or remove stops from a recording, you should know its exclusive system code. To do so, you should monitor the MIDI OUT port of the organ and, switching on and off a stop, check the MIDI code transmitted. Add or remove this code only from the “stops” track.
- When saving the MIDI file do not change the resolution of 384 tpqn (tick per quarter note).

The sequencer can also paly non-recorded tracks. Again, keep in mind that:

- The track channelling may not be consistent with the internal sequencer. Reset the channels according to what described above.
- Stop codes might not be present in a MIDI track. In this case we advice you overdub (see page 46) with the desired stop combination.
- Divisional volumes and expression pedals may be lacking from a MIDI track. Again, we advice you overdub the tracks.

Recording a song (RECORD mode)

In the sequencer menu, select the RECORD field. The display will show the file list.

Select [NEW SONG] to start a new recording. Otherwise, a MIDI file can be loaded to overdub it, or in other words make a new recording which will be added to the performance already recorded.

At the bottom of the screen screen again are displayed the functions of the buttons:

- [MENU/ENTER]: starts the recording.
- [EXIT]: quit sequencer Record mode.

Once recording has started, the functions change to:

- [MENU/ENTER]: pause/restart recording.
- [EXIT]: stop recording.



Press [EXIT] to end the session. The display will show the screen allowing the recording just made to be saved.

The functions displayed allow:

- **Save:** saving of the recording as a MIDI file.
- **Play:** playback of the recording before saving it.
- **Overdub:** creation of a new recording to be added to the sequence just acquired.
- **Discard and Exit:** delete the recording and quit sequencer Record mode.



If the SAVE field is selected, the system prompts the user to assign a name to the

MIDI sequence about to be saved. When composing the name, use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor and [+] and [-] to select the character. The first three characters can only be numbers, since they are required for future expansions of the instrument.

To confirm the name and proceed to save the data, press the [MENU/ENTER] button; use [EXIT] to return to the previous screen, aborting the saving operation.

The "SONG SAVED" message confirms that the recording has been saved.

If [EXIT] is pressed while in the save screen (i.e. when the recording has been acquired but not saved), the system warns that the recording is about to be lost with the message "DISCARD SEQUENCE TAKE?" and that [MENU/ENTER] must be pressed to confirm that you wish to quit and delete the data acquired, or [EXIT] to return to the save screen.

NOTE

If you wish to rename .MID files saved to the USB stick using a computer, always make sure that the names can be a maximum of 12 characters (including those before the "_") and cannot contain special characters such as "_", "@", "#", etc. In add of this please pay attention to do not delete the first three characters and the "_".

Overdubbing a song (OVERDUB mode)

The internal sequencer record, play, but also overdub already recorded MIDI tracks. It can be done:

- selecting a MIDI file from the current memory unit, from the RECORD function;
- at the end of a recording session, accessing the OVERDUB function.

The system will ask whether to substitute the settings (stops, coupling, tremulant, MIDI controls, general controls) recorded in the track with the ones currently selected. Then the system will ask the same question, this time regarding the divisional volumes and expression pedals.



In both cases, press [MENU/ENTER] to use the new settings or [EXIT] to leave them as they are.

Now the sequencer is ready to overdub. The screen carries information about the functions of the buttons:

- [MENU/ENTER]: starts recording.
- [EXIT]: quits the Overdub mode.
- [-] (press once): slow down play / recording speed. It can be seen on top left as percentage (BPM=100 in the picture on the right).
- [+] (press once): increase play / recording speed. It can be seen on top left as percentage (BPM=100 in the picture on the right).
- [-] (press and hold): rewind.
- [+] (press and hold): fast forward.



As the recording begins, the controls change again:

- [MENU/ENTER]: pause / re-start recording.
- [EXIT]: stop recording.

[+] and [-] maintain the functions described above.

Note that when the original piece ends, the overdubbing does not stop. To warn you of this, the advancement bar changes as showed by the screen at right.

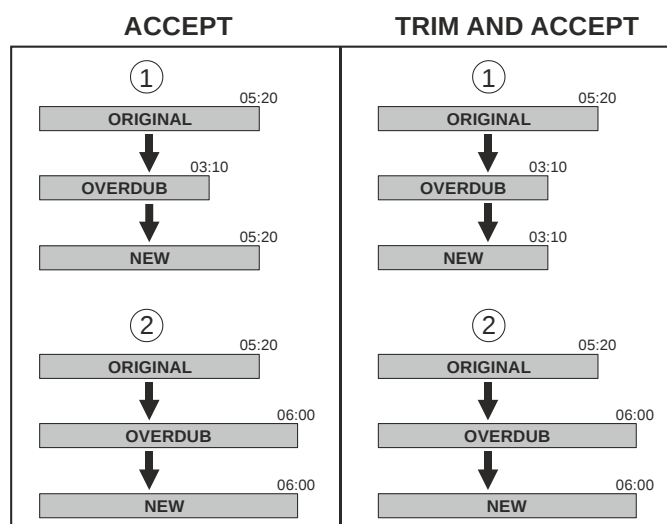


NOTES

- When overdubbing tracks with changing tempo, it is impossible to rewind or Fast Forward while recording. However, it can be done when paused.
- Changing the BPM value is only useful during the recording phase, the MIDI sequence will still be saved with the original BPM.

To stop and quit the recording press [EXIT], the system will ask you to accept the overdubbing. You can choose one of the following options:

- **Accept:** accept the overdubbing. In case the overdub track is shorter than the original piece, it will not be shortened.
- **Trim and Accept:** accept the overdubbing. If the overdub track is shorter than the original piece, this will be trimmed to end together with the overdubbing.
- **Play:** play the piece with the overdubbing, so as to assess the track. The changes will not be saved yet.
- **Play from last Ovd (overdub):** plays the piece, starting from the first event of last overdubbing, so as to assess the track. The changes will not be saved yet.
- **Discard:** discards the overdubbing.



Selecting ACCEPT or TRIM AND ACCEPT the saving screen will be displayed. Now it is possible to save the song with a different name.

Selecting PLAY or PLAY FROM LAST OVD will activate the sequencer play mode.

Press [EXIT] to quit the screen. The display will show the message "DISCARD SEQUENCE TAKE?", warning you that the overdubbing will be lost. Press [MENU/ENTER] to continue – and therefore discard the recording – or [EXIT] to return to the previous screen.

Creating lists of songs (SONG LIST function)

The function SONG LIST is used to create and save lists of music pieces (MIDI files).

To program a list of songs, select the SONG LIST function in the SEQUENCER menu; the system asks whether you wish to create a new one or modify an existing one.

Select the [NEW LIST] field to create a new list, or select an .LST file to modify the list it contains.

In both cases, to create / edit a list follow this procedure:

1. the first operation is to select the song you wish to include in the list. Use the [^] and [v] buttons to select the MIDI file, [+] to add it to the list and [-] to remove it. Its position within the list appears beside the name of the file.
2. now press [MENU/ENTER] to continue the programming or [EXIT] to abort, in this case the system requests a confirm to proceed with the quit showing the message "DISCARD SONG LIST?".



3. arrange the songs within the list (or confirm the previous programming). To move a piece into a different position, locate the cursor on the relative field of the file with the [^] and [v] buttons and use [+] to move the position forward or [-] to set an earlier position.
4. press [MENU/ENTER] to save the list or [EXIT] to return to the previous video page.
5. as for MIDI files, the first three characters can only be numbers. To enter the name, use [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor and [+] and [-] to select the character.
6. press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the name and proceed to save, or [EXIT] to return to the previous video page. The "FILE SAVED" message confirms that the LIST has been saved. If [EXIT] is pressed while in the save screen, the system warns that the new list is about to be lost with the message "DISCARD SONG LIST?" and that [MENU/ENTER] must be pressed to confirm that you wish to quit and delete the data acquired, or [EXIT] to return to the save screen.

NOTE

If you wish to rename .LST files saved to the USB flash drive using a computer, always make sure that the names can be a maximum of 12 characters (including those before the "_") and cannot contain special characters such as " ", "@", "#", etc. In add of this please pay attention to do not delete the first three characters and the "_".

Play options of the sequencer (PLAY OPTIONS menu)

Select the PLAY OPTIONS field to access the menu offering the following options:

Function	Description
Transposer	Setting a semitone transposition on the songs played by the sequencer.
Song Loop	Select ON to automatically loop any song.
List Autoplay	Select ON to automatically play the next song when the previous is over, without pressing the [v] button. Only works with song lists.
List Loop	Select ON to automatically loop a song list.

Deleting songs or song lists (DELETE function)

When you want to delete one or more songs or song lists from the current memory unit, select the DELETE function in the SEQUENCER menu.

Now use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] to select the .MID or .LST file you want to delete, [-] to deselect it. You can select several files, selecting the ALL SONGS option allow you to select all .MID files stored in the current memory unit, ALL LISTS selects all .LST files.

Press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the operation or [EXIT] to quit, the display will show a request to confirm deletion. Also in this case, press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm or [EXIT] to quit.



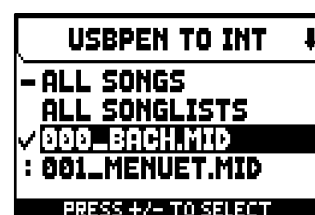
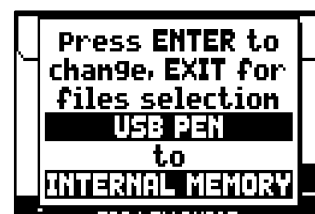
Copying songs or song lists (COPY function)

When you want to copy one or more songs or song lists from a memory unit to another, select the COPY function in the SEQUENCER menu.

The first step is to select the source and destination memory units. To do this press [MENU/ENTER] to change the displayed setting and then [EXIT] to proceed with the files selection.

In the next video page use the [^] and [v] buttons to move the cursor, [+] to select the .MID or .LST file you want to copy, [-] to deselect it. You can select several files, selecting the ALL SONGS option allow you to select all .MID files stored in the source memory unit, ALL LISTS selects all .LST files. In addition to this, to the left of the file name can be displayed the ! symbol, informing that a file with the same name and extension is already present in the destination memory unit. Selecting this file the symbol changes in !!, warning that the file in the destination memory unit will be overwritten.

Press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the selection or [EXIT] to quit. A message informing how many files will be copied and/or overwritten will be displayed, press [MENU/ENTER] again to confirm the copy or [EXIT] to quit.



APPENDIX

Stop Local Off

Setting a stop in Local Off mode means that it will not be played by the organ's internal sound generation system, but the relative MIDI (System Exclusive code) message will be transmitted, so that it can be turned on and played on a connected instrument.

To set a stop in Local Off mode, while the main screen is on the display, press the [S] thumb piston, keep it pressed and also press the [C] thumb button. The Leds of all the stops will light up and the display will show a pop-up. After setting the setup required, press [S] and [C] together to save it.

Accessing the Local Off setting function after this will trigger display of the status of the stops as follows:

- Light on: stop in Local On mode (plays with internal generation)
- Light off: stop in Local Off mode



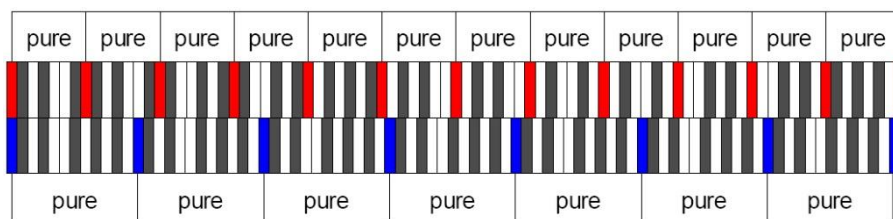
On-screen error and info messages

Message	Description
Going on with one missing sound module, please don't use a full organ registration	A sound module is no longer functional. The organ can still be played (press [EXIT] at the displayed message) but it is advisable not to use a full stop registration due to the reduced polyphony. Contact the technical support service at the e-mail address service@viscount.it as soon as possible to replace the faulty sound module.
Keyboards and panel not present	The system cannot contact one or more peripheral micros. Contact the technical support service at the e-mail address service@viscount.it .
Warning micros serial CRC errors detected	
Sound modules malfunction	The system cannot start one or more sound modules. The organ cannot be switched on. The acronym "KO" and six asterisks indicate malfunctioning modules. Contact the technical support service at the e-mail address service@viscount.it . Remember to write down the error message.
Filesystem error	Reading error of the current memory unit. If this occurs with a USB flash drive, try disconnecting and then connecting it again shortly thereafter. If this doesn't work, try formatting the flash drive using a computer. If this occurs with the internal memory, try again or contact the technical support at the e-mail address service@viscount.it .
No files found	There are no files of that type in the current memory.
USB pen not found	The system does not detect the USB flash drive that is necessary for the current operation.
No USB pen attached	If the correct USB flash drive is connected to the instrument, disconnect it then connect it again. Also check that the flash drive is formatted correctly with the FAT32 file system and that it is undamaged.
File load failed Can't open file	The system failed to load the .CMB file, the desired file could not be opened. The file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the USB flash drive or to format it.
File load failed Can't read file's header	The system failed to load the .CMB file, its header is impossible to read. The file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the USB flash drive or to format it.
File load failed File's length check failed	The .CMB file load failed because the actual file length is different from what stated in the header. The file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the USB flash drive or to format it.
File load failed Invalid version number	.CMB file load failed because the file has been generated with a newer and/or not compatible release of the operating system.
File load failed Invalid file's checksum	The system could not load the .CMB file. The checksum test failed. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the USB flash drive or to format it.
Error Snapshot file is corrupted	The system could not load the .ALL file. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the USB flash drive or to format it.
Error Different organ model	The system could not load the .ALL file because it has been created with a different organ model. It is not possible to load a .ALL file created with a different organ model.
Error Invalid file version	.ALL file load failed because the file has been generated with a newer and/or not compatible release of the operating system.

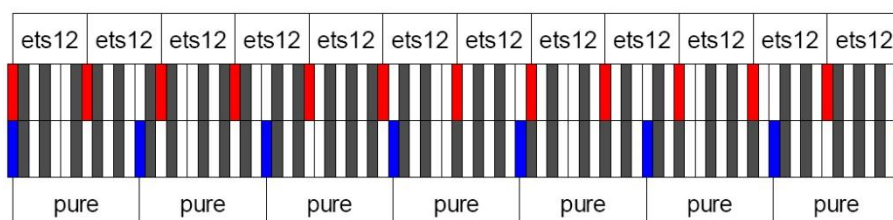
Different stop list found. Replace pipe sets anyway?	You are loading a .ALL file (using the Entire Snapshot or Only Pipesets options) containing a different stop list, one or more stop label will not match with the played voice. Press [MENU/ENTER] to confirm the load or [EXIT] to quit.
Song load failed Can't read file's properties	The system failed to load a MIDI file. The system cannot read the file's properties. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive or to format it. If having problems with the internal memory, try again and then, if still having problems, contact the technical support at the e-mail address service@viscount.it communicating the error message.
Song load failed The MIDI file is too big	The system failed to load a MIDI file. The instrument cannot read .MID files bigger than 400 Kb.
Song load failed Can't open the MIDI file	The system failed to load a MIDI file. The system cannot read the file. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive.
Song load failed Can't read the MIDI file	The system failed to load a MIDI file. The system cannot read the file. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive.
Song load failed The MIDI file is corrupted	The system failed to load a MIDI file. The file is corrupted. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive or to format it.
Songlist load failed Can't open file	The system failed to load the .LST file. It could not open the file. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive or to format it.
Songlist load failed Can't read songs' number	The system failed to load the .LST file. It could not read the number of .MID files in the list. The file or file system in the USB flash drive could be corrupted. Try to re-copy the file in the internal memory USB flash drive or to format it.
Songlist load failed Can't read song's filename	The system failed to load a .LST file. The number of .MID files indicated in the song list is different from the actual number of .MID files present.
Songlist load failed Empty songlist	The system failed to load the .LST file. The list is empty. It is likely that the file was not created through the proper function in the SEQUENCER menu.
File save failed Can't create file	The system failed to save a .CMB or .ALL file, because it could not create a new file.
File save failed Can't write file's header	The system failed to save a .CMB or .ALL file, it could not write the file's header.
File save failed Can't write file's data	The system failed to save the .CMB or .ALL file because it couldn't write the file's data.

Temperament

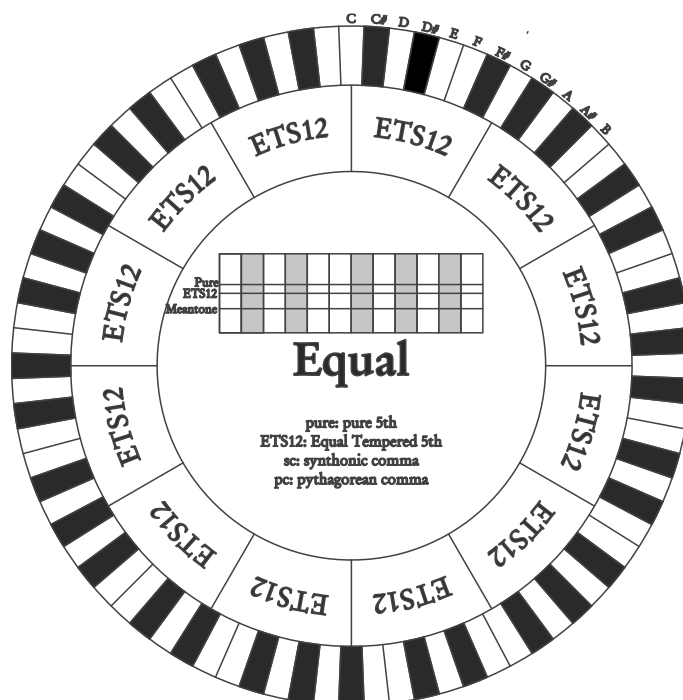
Tuning a fixed intonation instrument (e.g. organs) consists of creating a chain of twelve fifths, properly crafted so that at the extremes the interval can be reduced, through division or multiplication, to a perfect octave. A perfect fifth is achieved when two sounds have a frequency ratio of 3:2. If from any sound we calculate twelve ascending perfect fifths, the sound obtained is $(3/2)^{12}$. With 7 octaves instead, the result is a 2^7 frequency. If we compare these values we find that $(3/2)^{12}$ is slightly higher than 2^7 . Rounding off after the fourth decimal, we find that: $(3/2)^{12}=129,7463$, while $2^7 = 128,0000$. The ratio between these two value is called **Pythagorean comma**. It can be defined as the surplus of twelve perfect fifth compared to seven octaves, both starting from the same sound.



The picture is not in scale (otherwise the comma would be almost invisible) but it gives a graphical understanding of the problem. Now, dividing the Pythagorean comma in 12 equal parts, and subtracting this value to each pure fifth, the result is a twelve-fifth chain, ending with the same value as seven octaves.



This is the Equal Temperament System (with the comma split in twelve parts).



The Pythagorean comma can be split in larger parts and divided among a few (less than 12) fifths. This leads to other temperaments, such as the Werckmeister III, which spreads the comma in four, equal parts, between C-G, G-D, D-A, and B-F#.

A very important interval in the history of tuning is the major third. A chain of four pure fifths makes $(3/2)^4$. A major third interval is represented by a $5/4$ ratio. Therefore, rounding off, the frequency of a major third, generated by Pythagorean fifths is 1,2656, while a natural major third is 1,2500. This surplus is called **Syntonic comma**.

A series of four fifths, each one reduced by $1/4$ of Syntonic comma, makes a perfect major third. These fifths are called “meantone”. If a temperament recovers only one syntonic comma, it still needs to compensate the small difference between Pythagorean and syntonic comma. This difference is called **skisma**.

For example, the Kirnberger II temperament is based on the syntonic comma. It spreads the comma equally between D-A and A-E and the skisma between F# and C#.

A series of three natural major thirds makes a frequency of $5/4^3$. The difference between that and the octave is called **enharmonic comma**.

When a temperament makes up for more than the Pythagorean comma, usually one fifth is much wider than the rest and becomes unusable. It is called the **wolf fifth**.

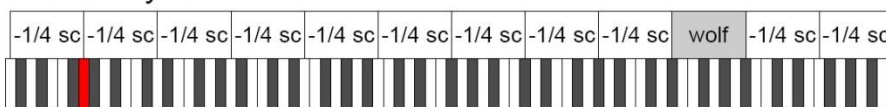
The circle of fifths of each temperament can start from any key editing the parameter called **Base Key**.

Follows an explicating graph: in the first half is represented Meantone temperament with Base Key set on C, after on G and finally on B. The second half shows Werkmeister temperament with the same three values of the Meantone. With the parameter Base Key set to C each temperament is built exactly as shown in the following circular graphs.

Base key: C

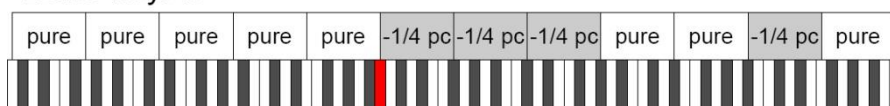


Base key: G



Base key: B



Base key: C**Base key: G****Base key: B**

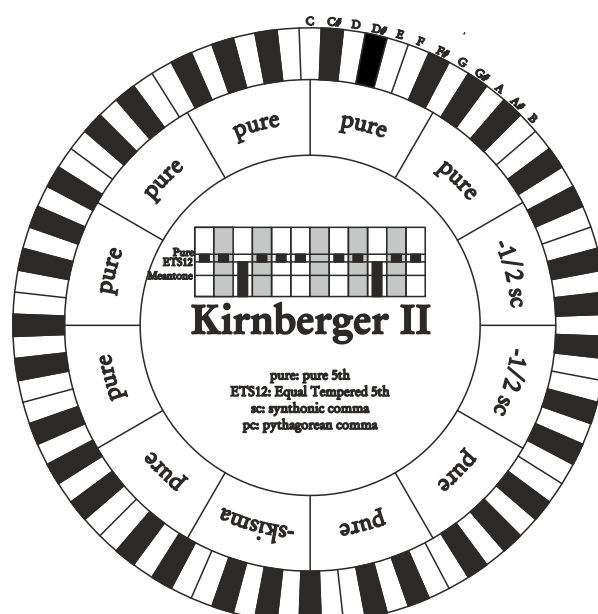
- 1/4 sc: a pure fifth narrowed by 1/4 of syntonic comma
- 1/4 pc: a pure fifth narrowed by 1/4 of pythagorean comma

Temperaments of the Cantorum Trio – Duo – Uno Plus

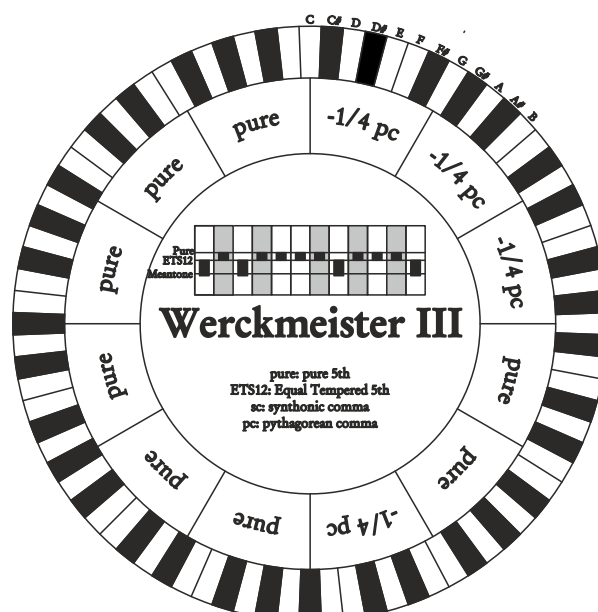
In addition to Equal temperament, you can play other temperaments described below.

Kirnberger II

Based on two fifths, reduced by half syntonic comma, and one fifth reduced by a skisma. There are three pure majors: C, G, D. Therefore, the major triads on C and G are pure. Same goes with the minor triads, on E and B. The four major thirds on C#, G#, Eb, Bb are Pythagorean. The coexistence of pure and tempered chords gives a peculiar character to this tuning.

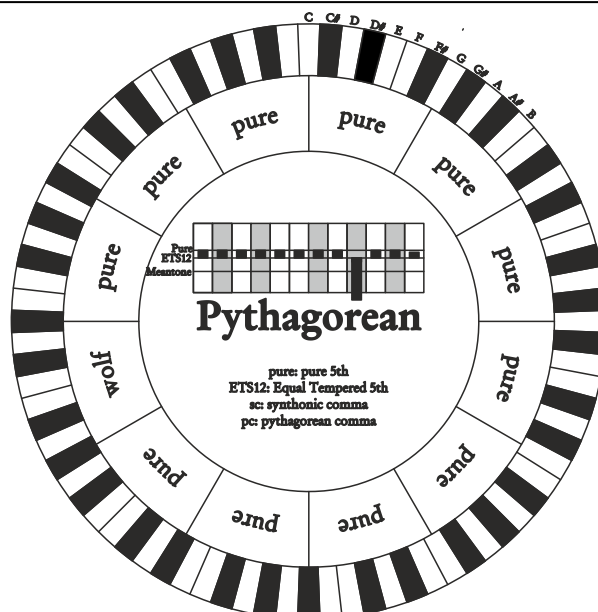
**Werckmeister III**

Based on four fifths, each reduced by 1/4 Pythagorean comma – the others are pure. Creates three Pythagorean major thirds on: C#, F#, G#. As the number of alteration in the piece performed increases, so does the harmonic tension.



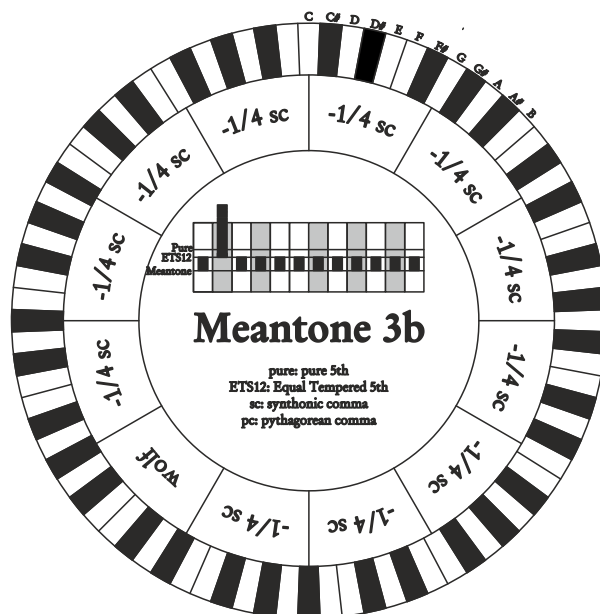
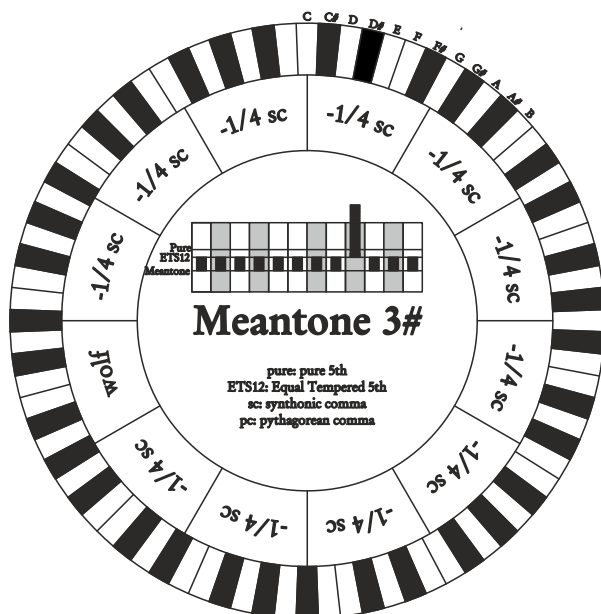
Pythagorean

Based on eleven pure Pythagorean fifths and a wolf fifth on G#. This tuning can be used to play monodies, and music that does not use thirds in general. Most useful for curiosity and educational ends.



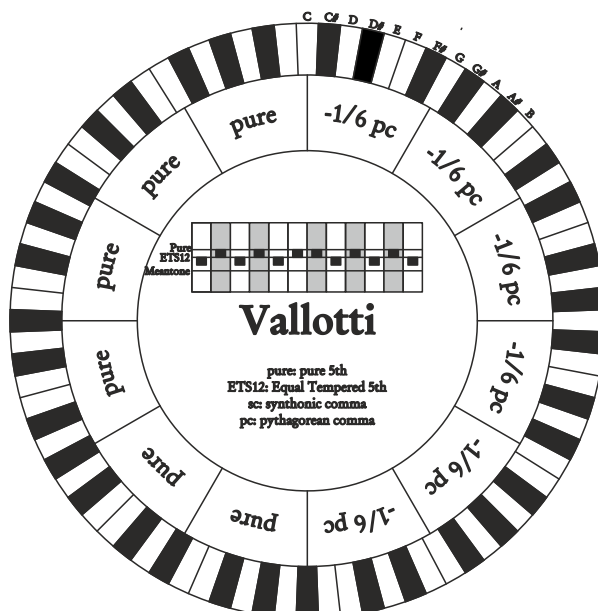
Meantone 3# - Meantone 3b

This tuning is the prototype of all temperaments based on fifths reduced by $\frac{1}{4}$ of syntonic comma. This generates eight pure major thirds: Eb, Bb, F, C, G, D, A, E. However, the other thirds are unusable (B, F#, G#). The fifths are defined as meantone fifths: shorter than pure fifths but still sounding well. Only one, G#, fills all the gap created by 11 others and becomes a wolf fifth. Tonalties with little alterations sound very pleasant. Well characterised chromatic scale. Move the wolf on C# to use the G# key as Ab.



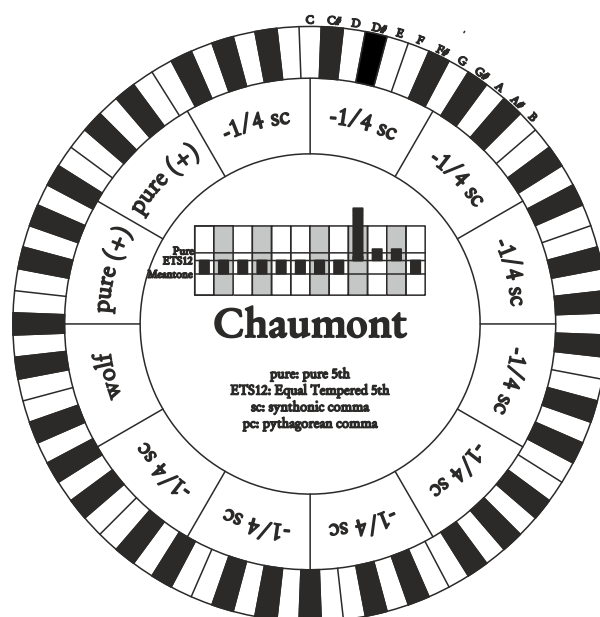
Vallotti

Based on six fifths, each decreased by $\frac{1}{6}$ of Pythagorean comma. The others are pure fifths. The major thirds on Eb–B, Bb–E, F–A are equivalent, as the ones on C, G and D. Thirds on F#, C# and G# are Pythagorean instead.



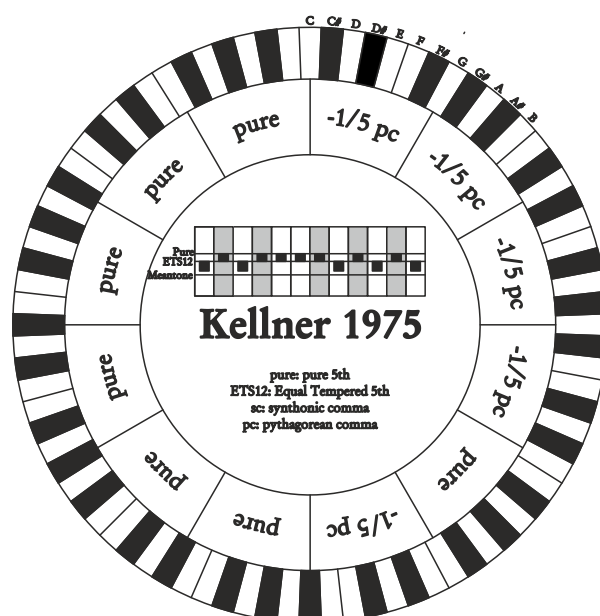
Chaumont

A meantone temperament; the wolf fifth has been improved by enlarging the fifths on Eb and Bb. There are six pure major thirds: F, C, G, D, A, E. The third major on B, although not very pleasant, can still be used.



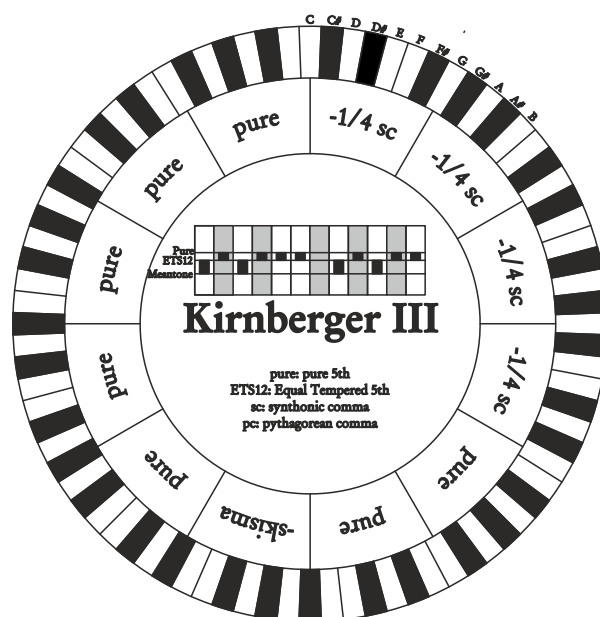
Kellner 1975

This tuning was created by Kellner, who figured out its structure from the symbols on the first page of the "Wohltemperierte Klavier" by Bach, 1722. The tuning is based on five fifths, each reduced of 1/5 of Pythagorean comma. This originates three Pythagorean major thirds, on: C#, F#, G#. None of the thirds is pure. The major third closer to being pure is on C.



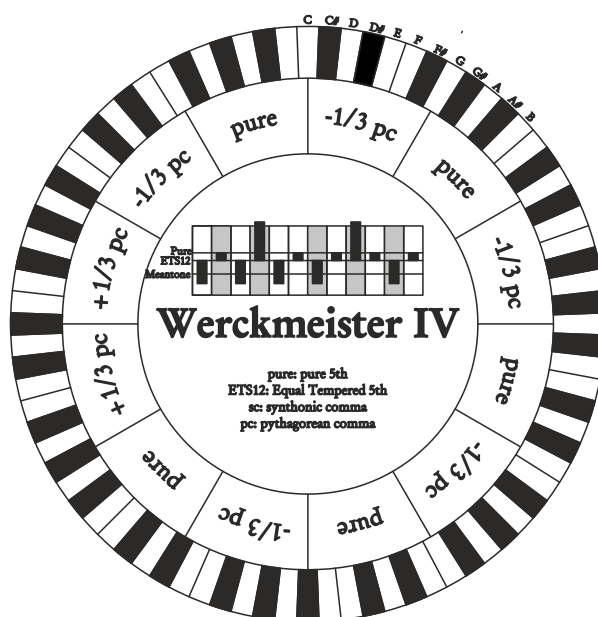
Kirnberger III

Based on four fifths, each one reduced by 1/4 of syntonic comma, and one fifth reduced of the remaining skisma. There is only one pure major third on C. From most to least pure, they are G, D, A and F, Bb, Eb. E, B and F# are equivalent one with the other. Pythagorean major thirds are on C# and G#. Pieces with many alterations are well characterised.



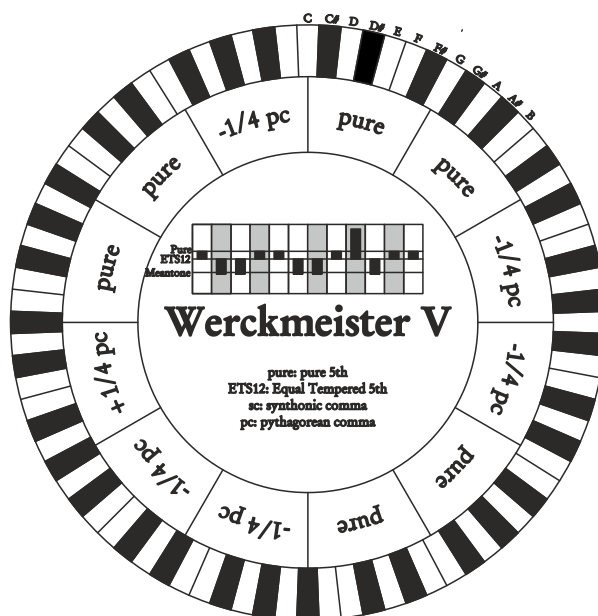
Werckmeister IV

Based on five fifths, each reduced of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Pythagorean comma, and two more thirds increased of the same amount. Very pleasant with mostly unaltered tonalities, it becomes “harder” as the alterations increase.



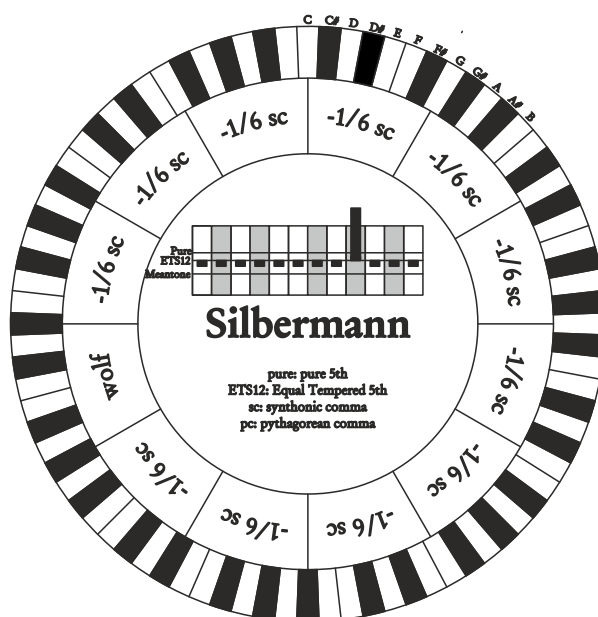
Werckmeister V

Based on five fifths reduced by $\frac{1}{5}$ of Pythagorean comma, and one fifth increased of the same amount. This tuning is rarely used as there is no tonality that is much euphonic.



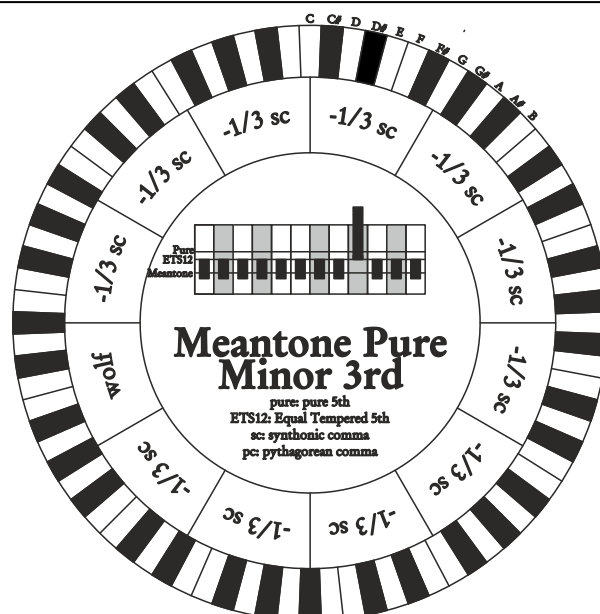
Silbermann

Based on fifths reduced of $\frac{1}{6}$ of syntonic comma. Wolf fifth is located on G#. Thirds that in meantone tuning are pure, here are $\frac{1}{3}$ syntonic comma wider. The wolf fifth is less prominent, not cacophonous yet not completely acceptable.



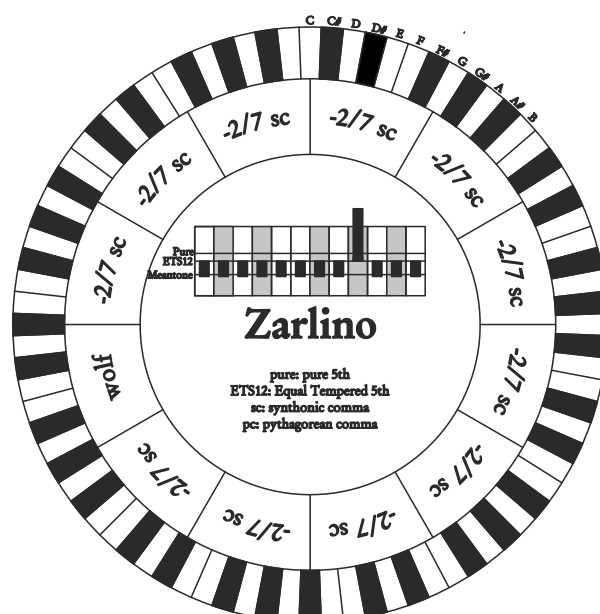
Meantone Pure Minor 3rd

This temperament is built with fifths narrowed by $\frac{1}{3}$ of syntonic comma. The wolf fifth on G# is very large and completely unusable. The nine minor thirds based on C, G, D, A, E, B, F#, C#, G# are pure. The eight major thirds based on Eb, Bb, F, C, G, D, A, E, are narrower, with respect to the pure, by $\frac{1}{3}$ of syntonic comma. Again in this temperament the chromatic scale has a particular character.



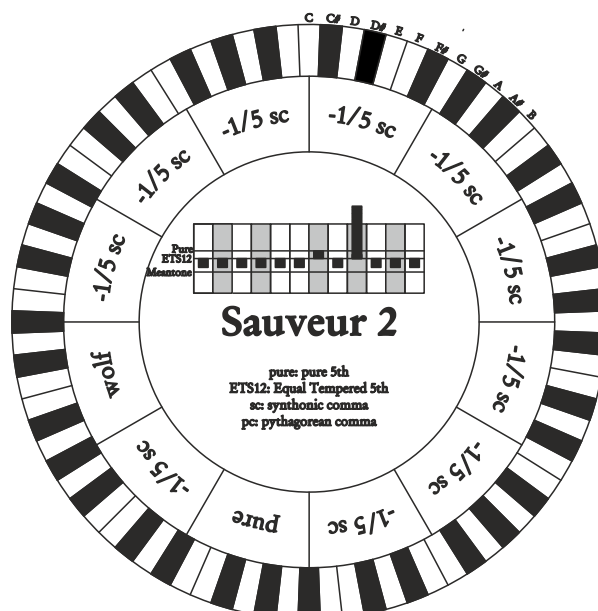
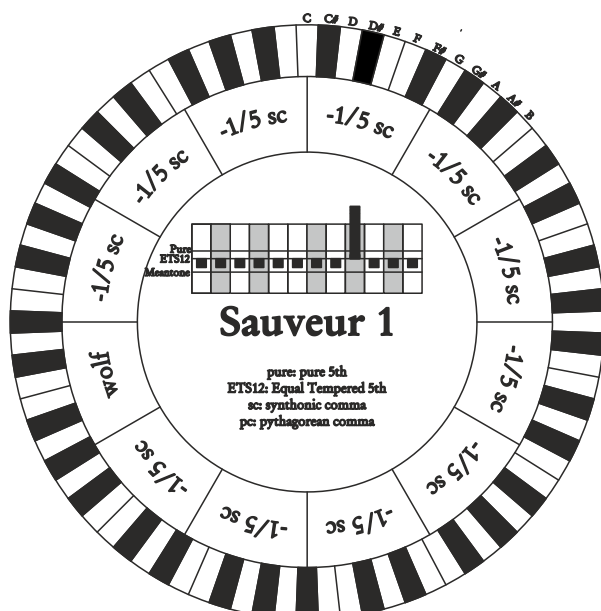
Zarlino

Eleven fifths are reduced by $\frac{2}{7}$ of syntonic comma. The wolf fifth, very wide and therefore unusable, lies on G#. Eight third majors are usable and reduced by $\frac{1}{7}$ of syntonic comma. Well characterised chromatic scale.



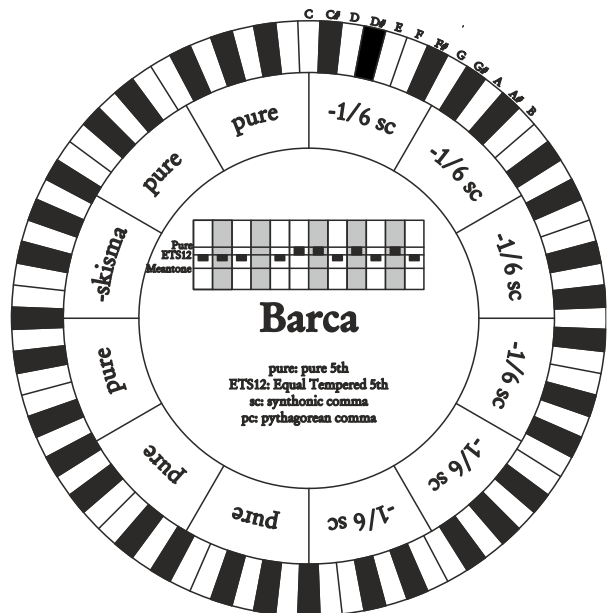
Sauveur 1 – Sauveur 2

The Saveur 1 tuning is based on eleven fifths, reduced by $\frac{1}{5}$ of syntonic comma. Wolf fifth lies on G#. In Saveur 2 the fifth on F# is pure. The eight third majors of the meantone are somewhat wider here, so the “wolf” is less prominent. Well tuned tonalities are particularly “warm” and pleasant.



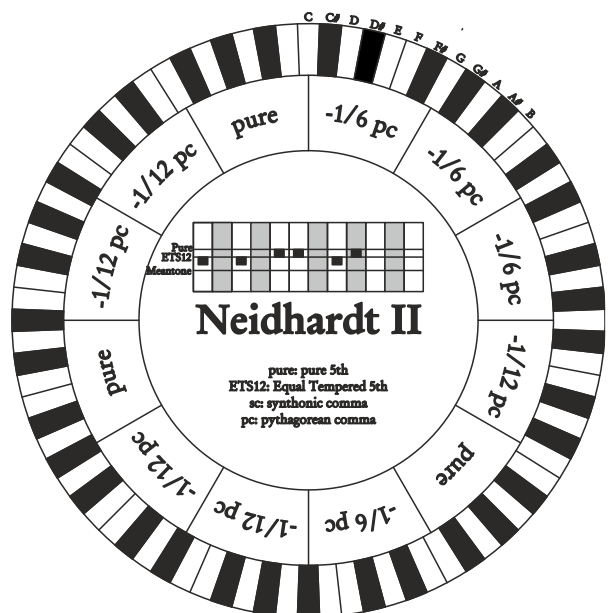
Barca

The Barca temperament is based on six fifths (from C) reduced by 1/6 of syntonic comma each, and one fifth (on Eb) reduced of the remaining skisma. Therefore there are no Pythagorean thirds, and tonalities with many alterations still sound well.



Neidhardt II

It consists of three pure fifths on E, Ab and F; three reduced by 1/6 of a Pythagorean comma on C, G and D; the remaining six on A, B, F#, C#, Eb and Bb, reduced by 1/12 of a Pythagorean comma. It shares the exact intonation of six keys with Vallotti's Temperament: C, G, D, A, Eb and Ab. The other six are shifted slightly in favor of better euphony in the case of many accidentals. It is therefore a circulating temperament that allows you to play in all keys.



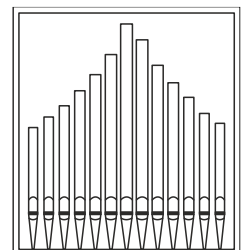
The windchest in pipe organs

The windchest is a crate where the air from a bellows (manual or electric) is spread equally among the pipes. Usually, each manual has its own wind chest. However, there are different kinds of wind chests: some contain only one stop, while other have an additional crate filled with air from the bellows that spreads air to all the stops for each note.

Here you will find a short description of each kind of wind chest simulated by the organ.

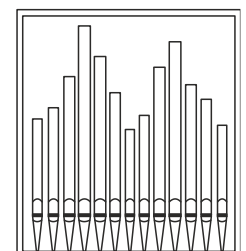
Single cusp

The tallest, broadest pipes are located in the centre. As the pitch rises the pipes are gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating (e.g. C to the right, C# left).



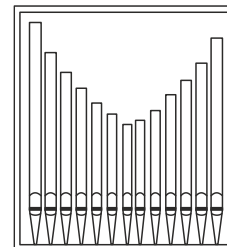
Double cusp

There are two separate cusps, both resembling to the single cusp described above. The lowest keys sound in an intermediate position, between the centre and the outside, alternating (one on the right cusp, one on the left cusp). As the pitch rises, rises the pipes are gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating (e.g. C right, C# left).



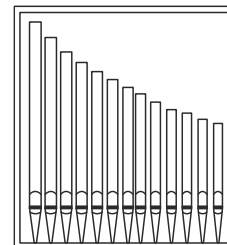
Double wing

The tallest pipes are placed in the centre. As the pitch lowers, the pipes are gradually distributed further and further to the outside, alternating.



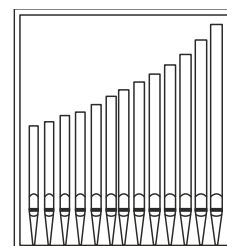
Single wing (left)

The tallest pipes are placed to the left, and the smaller (with higher pitch) pipes to the right.



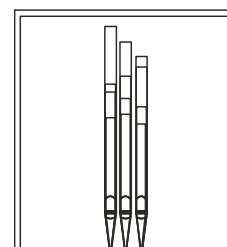
Single wing (right)

This pipe configuration is the opposite of the previous one: the lowest pitched pipes are placed on the right and the highest pitched ones to the left.



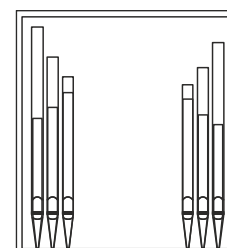
Center

All the pipes are placed in the central position inside the wind chest, so the sound is not affected by the position of the pipes.



Alternated

The pipes are placed alternating in two positions (e.g. C in one position, C# in the other).



What MIDI is

The MIDI interface (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) allows instruments of different makes and kinds to communicate with each other, using this very specific protocol of codes. This allows the creation of systems of MIDI instruments, offering much greater versatility and control than is possible with single instruments. To make this communication possible, all MIDI instruments have two or three 5-pin DIN connectors called:

- **MIDI IN:** The connector through which the instrument receives the MIDI data transmitted by other units.
- **MIDI OUT:** The connector through which the instrument sends the MIDI data it has generated to other units.
- **MIDI THRU:** This connector, not always provided on all instruments, is used for connecting several units in series, since it transmits the MIDI data exactly as they are received by the respective MIDI IN port.

Most instruments equipped with MIDI interface transmit MIDI messages which specify, for example, which note has been played and with what dynamic, by means of the MIDI OUT connector. If this connector is connected to the MIDI IN connector of another MIDI instrument, such as an expander, the second instrument will respond exactly to the notes played on the transmitter instrument.

The same type of information transfer is used for recording MIDI sequences. A computer or a sequencer can be used to record the MIDI data generated by the transmitter instrument. If these recorded data are sent back to the instrument, it automatically repeats the recorded performance.

MIDI is able to transmit a multitude of digital data by means of just one cable, and thus just one connector. This is thanks to the MIDI channels. There are 16 MIDI channels, and in a similar way as for radio communications in which two stations can only communicate if they are tuned to the same frequency (or channel), two MIDI instruments connected together are only able to communicate if the transmitter instrument channel is the same as the receiver instrument channel.

MIDI messages subdivide into channel messages and system messages. The following is a short description of these messages:

CHANNEL MESSAGES

Note On

This message is transmitted when a note is depressed on the keyboard. Each Note On message contains the following information:

Note On: when a key has been struck;

Note Number: the key which has been pressed, and therefore the relative note played;

Velocity: note velocity (i.e. the force applied when the key was struck).

Note messages are expressed as a number from 0 to 127, with middle C represented by number 60.

Note Off

This message is transmitted when a key struck previously is released.

When it is received, the sound of the note relating to the key is switched off. Each Note On message contains the following information:

Note Off: a key has been released;

Note Number: which key has been released;

Velocity: velocity (i.e. how fast the note was released).

NOTE

A Note On message with Velocity=0 is considered equivalent to a Note Off message.

Program Change

This message is used to select the programs or sounds of the receiver instrument.

There is also a specific standard called General MIDI which describes which sound should be recalled for each Program Change received. This association is usually described by means of a table included in the user manual of the instrument which adopts the standard.

This message contains the following information:

Program Change: voice or program change;

Program Change Number: the number of the program or voice to be activated;

Control Change

These are control messages (often associated to trimmers or pedals) used to add expression to the performance, allowing you to set (and control in real time if necessary) voice parameters such as volume (CC n.7) or the position of the swell pedals (CC n.11), etc.

This message contains the following information:

Control Change: a controller has been adjusted

Controller Number: which controller has been adjusted

Controller Position: the position of the controller

SYSTEM MESSAGES

System Exclusive

These messages can only be interpreted by an instrument made by the same producer as the transmitter device (in some cases only by the same model). They mainly relate to the instrument's sound generation and programming parameters. The organ uses these messages to control all the internal parameters and for switching the voices on and off.

Real Time

The Real Time messages also include the Active Sensing code, sent to keep the dialogue between two MIDI instruments alive. When the receiver instrument does not receive any MIDI data or the Active Sensing code in a time interval of about 300 milliseconds, it considers the MIDI connection to have been deactivated, so it switches off any notes still active. Remember that the transmission and reception of this message is optional, so not all instruments are equipped to handle it.

Detailed MIDI Implementation

CHANNEL MESSAGES

Using default settings, channel messages are sent and received on the following MIDI channels:

- Ch.1: Pedal notes or controls
- Ch.2: Manual II (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Manual I (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus) notes or controls
- Ch.3: Manual III (Cantorum Trio Plus) / Manual II (Cantorum Duo – Uno Plus) notes or controls
- Ch.4: Manual I (Cantorum Trio Plus) notes or controls

Ch.16 is a reserved channel (system)

Note On

Message which is generated when a key is pressed.

Data format: 9nH kkH vvH

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 kk=note number :1EH-65H (30-101)
 vv=note on velocity :01H-7FH (1-127)
 :00H (0) Note Off

Note Off

Message which is generated when a key is released.

Data format: 8nH kkH vvH
 9nH kkH 00H

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 kk=note number :1EH-65H (30-101)
 vv=note off velocity :00H-7FH (0-127)
 ignored

- This message can be also received as Note On with velocity=0.

Control Change

Messages to control volumes, expressions and other system controls.

• Bank Select MSB (CC 0)

Controller transmitted in combination of Program Change and Bank Select LSB in order to select a specific bank of sound. It can be transmitted using the PRG IN COMBIN. function and when stored in the combinations and Tutti.

It also can be received on channel 16 to select the Memory Bank.

Data format: BnH 00H vvH

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 vv=bank MSB number :00H-7FH (0-127)

• Volume (CC 7)

Message which controls the sections volume.

Data format: BnH 07H vvH

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 vv=volume value :00H-7FH (0-127)

• Expression (CC 11)

Message which controls the sections expression.

Data format: BnH 0BH vvH

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 vv=expression value :00H-7FH (0-127)

• Bank Select LSB (CC 32)

Controller transmitted in combination of Program Change and Bank Select MSB in order to select a specific bank of sound.

If *PC and CC in Combinations* function is Programmable it can be transmitted using the PRG IN COMBIN. function and when stored in the combinations and Tutti.

If *PC and CC in Combinations* function is Fixed it is always transmitted selecting combinations and Tutti.

Data format: BnH 20H vvH

PC and CC in Combinations = Programmable:

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 vv=bank LSB number :00H-7FH (0-127)

PC and CC in Combinations = Fixed:

n=channel number :EH (15)
 vv=bank LSB number :00H-63H (0-99)

• Sustain (CC 64)

Message which controls the Sustain effect.

Data format: BnH 40H vvH

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)
 vv=switch :00H (0) off
 (received as 00H-39H)
 :7FH (127) on
 (received as 40H-7FH)

• All Sounds Off (CC 120)

Terminates all voices currently on for the specific channel.

Data format: BnH 78H 00H

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)

• Reset All Controllers (CC 121)

Controllers are set to the default value.

Data format: BnH 79H 00H

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)

- This message is transmitted only.

- **All Notes Off (CC 123)**

Terminates all notes currently on for the specific channel.

Data format: BnH 7BH 00H

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)

Program Change

Messages for selecting sounds, timbres or programs in external modules.

If *PC and CC in Combinations* function is Programmable it can be transmitted using the PRG IN COMBIN. function and when stored in the combinations and Tutti.

If *PC and CC in Combinations* function is Fixed it is always transmitted selecting combinations and Tutti. It also can be received by the organ to recall combinations, Tutti and Crescendo steps.

Data format: CnH mmH

Transmitted:

PC and CC in Combinations = Programmable

n=channel number :0H-EH (1-15)

mm=Program Ch. number:00H-7FH (0-127)

PC and CC in Combinations = Fixed

n=channel number :EH (15)

mm=Program Ch. number:

01H-0AH (1-10): general combinations 0-9

7EH (126): Tutti OFF

7FH (127): Tutti ON

Received:

n=channel number :FH (16)

mm=Program Ch. number:

01H-0AH (0-9): general combinations 0-9

60H (96): Tutti OFF

61H (97): Tutti ON

6FH (111): Crescendo – (OFF)

70H-7BH (112-123): Crescendo steps 1-12

STANDARD SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES

- **Device Inquiry**

Instrument information sent after switching on and when a Device Inquiry Request is received.

Data format: F0H 7EH 00H 06H 02H 31H ffH ffH
mmH mmH xxH yyH zzH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status

7EH: Universal Non Realtime message

00H: channel

06H: general information

02H: device ID reply

31H: Viscount ID

ffH ffH: device family code

mmH mmH: device family member code

xxH yyH zzH vvH: software version

F7H: End of Exclusive

- **Master Fine Tuning**

Parameter: Tuning

Video page: Tuning

Data format: F0H 7FH 7FH 04H 03H vvH nnH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status

7FH: Universal Realtime message

7FH: channel (any)

04H: Sub-ID #1=Device Control message

03H: Sub-ID #2=Master Fine tuning

vvH nnH: fine tuning value

00H 00H= A4=415,30 Hz

00H 40H= A4=440 Hz

7FH 7FH= A4=466,16 Hz

F7H: End of Exclusive

- This message is transmitted only.

- **Temperament**

Parameter: Temperament

Video page: Tuning

Data format: F0H 7EH 7FH 08H 08H 03H 7FH 7FH
[ss] ... F7H

F0H: Exclusive status

7EH: Universal Non Realtime message

7FH: channel (any)

08H: Sub-ID #1=MIDI Tuning standard

08H: Sub-ID #2=scale/octave tuning 1-byte form (Non Real-Time)

03H: channel/options byte 1

7FH: channel byte 2

7FH: channel byte 3

[ss]:12 byte tuning offset of 12 semitones from C to B

00H= -64 cents

40H= 0 cents

7FH= +64 cents

F7H: End of Exclusive

- This message is transmitted only.

VISCOUNT SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES

- **Register on/off**

Data format: F0H 31H snH xxH yyH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status

31H: Viscount ID

sH : switch

0H=voice off

4H=voice on

nH : channel number (0H-EH, 1-15)

xxH: voice id - first byte

yyH: voice id - second byte

F7H: End of Exclusive

- **Tremulant on/off**

Data format: F0H 31H 2nH 5CH ssH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status

31H: Viscount ID

2nH: channel number (n=0H-EH, 1-15)

5CH: tremulant switch

ssH: switch

00H=tremulant off

01H=tremulant on (depth value)

F7H: End of Exclusive

Data format: F0H 31H 2nH 5EH 00H ttH ssH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2nH: channel number (n=0H-EH, 1-15)
 5EH: tremulant parameter
 00H: tremulant switch
 ttH: tremulant number
 00H=1st tremulant
 01H=2nd tremulant
 ssH: switch
 00H=tremulant off
 01H=tremulant on
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Tremulant parameters

Parameter: Depth, Speed, Amplitude, Shape
 Video page: Tuning / Tremulants

Data format:

F0H 31H 2nH 5EH 01H ttH ppH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2nH: channel number (n=0H-EH, 1-15)
 5EH: tremulant parameter
 01H: tremulant values
 ttH: tremulant number
 00H=1st tremulant
 01H=2nd tremulant
 ppH: parameter
 00H=depth
 01H=speed
 02H=amplitude
 03H=shape
 vvH: value (04H-20H for speed and depth,
 00H-07H for amplitude, 00H-01H for
 shape)
 F7H: End of Exclusive
 Data format: F0H 31H 2nH 5CH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2nH: channel number (n=0H-EH, 1-15)
 5CH: tremulant depth
 vvH: depth value
 F7H: End of Exclusive

- Messages of Depth, Speed, Amplitude and Shape parameters are always transmitted when the Tremulant/Tremolo is switched on and off.

• Air Pressure

Parameter: Air Pressure
 Video page: Tuning

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 2EH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 2EH: air pressure
 vvH: air pressure value (40H-48H, 64-72)
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Ensemble

Parameter: Ensemble
 Video page: Tuning

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 32H vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 32H: ensamble
 vvH: ensamble value (40H-48H, 64-72)
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Pitch

Parameter: Pitch
 Video page: Tuning

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 67H 00H 0nH 0nH 0nH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 67H: pitch
 0nH 0nH 0nH: nibblezed data of pitch value
 00H 01H 08H= A=415,30 Hz
 04H 00H 00H= A=440 Hz
 07H 0EH 08H= A=466,16 Hz
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Cancel

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 6CH 00H F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 6CH: cancel/set//comb.seq.
 00H: execute cancel
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Set

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 6CH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 6CH: cancel/set/comb.seq.
 vvH: execute set
 01H=set pressed
 02H=set released
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Prev/Next

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 6CH vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 6CH: cancel/set/comb.seq.
 vvH: execute prev/next
 01H=prev
 02H=next
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Couplers (Cantorum Trio Plus)

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 70H vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 70H: coupler
 vvH: type and switch
 00H=III/P on
 10H=III/P off
 01H=II/P on
 11H=II/P off
 02H=I/P on
 12H=I/P off
 03H=III/II on
 13H=III/II off
 04H=I/II on
 14H=I/II off
 05H=III/I on
 15H=III/I off
 F7H: End of Exclusive

- This message is only transmitted with Coupled Note Out parameter (page 34) set as No.

• Couplers (Cantorum Duo Plus)

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 70H vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 70H: coupler
 vvH: type and switch
 00H=II/P on
 10H=II/P off
 01H=I/P on
 11H=I/P off
 03H=II/I on
 13H=II/I off
 F7H: End of Exclusive

- This message is only transmitted with Coupled Note Out parameter (page 34) set as No.

• Orchestra volume

Parameter: ORC

Video page: Levels

Data format: F0H 31H 2FH 72H vvH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2FH: system control
 72H: orchestra volume
 vvH: orchestra volume value (00H-7FH, 0-127)
 F7H: End of Exclusive

• Orchestral Voice Change

Data format: F0H 31H 2nH 41H xxH yyH iiH ttH

v1H v2H b1H b2H o1H o2H u1H u2H kkH F7H

F0H: Exclusive status
 31H: Viscount ID
 2nH: channel number (n=0H-EH, 0-15)
 41H: orchestral voice change
 xxH: voice id - first byte
 yyH: voice id - second byte
 iiH: alternative voice id
 ttH: timbre type
 05H=single
 06H=layer

07H=split
 v1H: voice1/L volume
 v2H: voice2/R volume
 b1h: voice1/L brilliance
 b2h: voice2/R brilliance
 o1H: voice1/L octave shift
 o2H: voice2/R octave shift
 u1H: voice1/L sustain enable
 u2H: voice2/R sustain enable
 kkH: split key
 F7H: End of Exclusive

- This message is transmitted only when an alternative orchestral voices changes after recalling a combination.
- With Single type, voice2 bytes are fixed to 40H
- With Single and Layer types, "split key" byte is not used.
- After recalling a combination, if the orchestral voice is setted as in the Pipe Set, the message change to: F0H 31H 2sH 41H xxH yyH 00H 7FH 00H 00H 00H 00H 00H 00H 00H F7H

SYSTEM REAL TIME MESSAGES

FEH: Active Sensing

FEH is transmitted every 300 msec. whenever is no other MIDI data being transmitted.

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

Viscount Cantorum Trio - Duo - Uno Plus
 Portable 3 - 2 - 1 manuals 61-keys organ

Version: 1.0
 Date: 02 Sept. 2024

FUNCTION...		TRANSMITTED	RECEIVED	REMARKS
BASIC CHANNEL	Default	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	*1
	Changed	1÷15	1÷15	
MODE	Default	Mode 3	Mode 3	
	Messages	*****	*****	
	Altered	*****	*****	
NOTE		30÷101	0÷127	
NUMBER	True Voice	36÷96	30÷101	
VELOCITY	Note ON	O	O	
	Note OFF	O	O	
AFTER	Key's	X	X	
TOUCH	Ch's	X	X	
PITCH BENDER		X	X	
CONTROL	0	O	O	Bank Select MSB
CHANGE	7	O	O	Volume
	11	O	O	Expression
	32	O	O	Bank Select LSB
	64	O	O	Sustain
	120	O	O	All Sound Off
	121	O	O	Reset All Controllers
	123	O	O	All Notes Off
PROGRAM		O	O	*1
CHANGE	True#			
SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE		O	O	*1
SYSTEM COMMON	Song Pos	X	X	
	Song Sel	X	X	
	Tune	X	X	
SYSTEM	Clock	X	X	
REAL TIME	Commands	X	X	
AUX	Local On-Off	X	X	
MESSAGES	All Notes Off	O	O	
	Active Sense	O	O	
	Reset	X	X	
NOTES:				
*1: see Detailed MIDI Implementation for further informations				

Mode 1: Omni On, Poly
 Mode 3: Omni Off, Poly

Mode 2: Omni On, Mono
 Mode 4: Omni Off, Mono

O=YES
 X=NO



Disposal of old Electrical & Electronic Equipment (Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collection programs)

Dir. 2002/95/CE, 2002/96/CE e 2003/108/CE

This symbol, found on your product or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment

and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, waste disposal service or the retail store where you purchased this product.



This product complies with the requirements of EMCD 2004/108/EC and LVD 2006/95/EC.

FCC RULES

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a **Class B** digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced Radio/Tv technician for help.

The user is cautioned that any changes or modification not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

INFORMATIONS FCC

NOTE : Cet instrument a été contrôlé et il est garanti pour être en conformité avec les spécifications techniques établies pour les dispositifs numériques de la « **Classe B** » selon les normes de protection contre les interférences avec d'autres dispositifs électroniques environnants. Cet appareil produit et utilise des fréquences radio. S'il n'est pas installé et utilisé selon les instructions contenues dans le mode d'emploi, il peut générer des interférences. L'observation des normes FCC ne garantit pas qu'il y aura aucune interférence. Si cet appareil est la cause d'interférences avec une réception Radio ou TV, il est possible de le vérifier en éteignant puis en allumant l'instrument : Vous pouvez alors résoudre le problème en suivant les procédures suivantes :

- déplacer ou orienter l'antenne de l'appareil avec lequel se manifeste l'interférence.
- déplacer cet instrument ou l'appareil avec lequel se produit l'interférence
- connecter cet instrument à une prise de courant différente afin de mettre les deux appareils sur deux circuits différents.
- consulter le revendeur ou un technicien radio/tv pour d'autres renseignements.

D'éventuelles modifications non approuvées par le constructeur peuvent annuler votre garantie de l'appareil.



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